

CHINOOK ADVANCE

VOL VI, NO. 20

CHINOOK, ALBERTA, SEPT 4, 1919

Subscription: \$1.00 per year, in advance. Single Copy, 5 cents

Here is a List
of a few of the many things
you can save money
on at this store

Combination Overalls - \$4.00 a suit
Men's Work Shoes, old stock \$5 to \$7 pr
Men's Dress Shoes " 6.00 to 7.50 "
Men's Work Gloves 1.75 to 2.25 "
Overalls - 2.00 per pair
Men's Hats - 1.50 to 4.50

Prints, light and dark colors, 30c per yd
Sheeting, 68 inches wide - 75c yard

H. C. Briggins

The Store with the Goods

Watch for the Ad in this

space

Breezelets

A lady correspondent in the Calgary Herald says: "Cats are increasing at such a pace that something should be done to limit their number, or else insist that they be kept under some semblance of control."

The correspondent doesn't say whether it is the two-legged kind of cats, or the old familiar four-legged Thomas and Maria variety.

"Canadian hog is an obstinate animal," says a news heading.

Which kind of hog—pork or the hog profiteer?

Hindenburg assumes the roll of accuser. Alleges failures and weaknesses on the part of Hollweg.

What about the failures and weaknesses of Hindy's own famous "impregnable line"—the line that the Allied forces could never break through?

General Botha's death is likely to result in a political mix-up in South Africa.

There will certainly be considerable Botha in filling his place, alright.

"No more bad eggs," says an Alberta provincial act.

And yet some people contend that you can't make people good by an act of parliament.

A duck hunter by the name of Ingles shot at a duck but hit a cow in the head.

Some difference between a cow and a duck. Unfortunately the cow didn't "duck" her head in time to escape the shot.

A correspondent wants to know if our provincial municipal hospital scheme is dead.

Can't say, but, anyway, it is expected to be in the limelight again on the approach of the next provincial election.

"Machinery for reduction of high cost of living is getting under way," says an Ottawa dispatch.

Will someone get busy, please, and turn on the power and set machinery in motion.

And now United States merchants are charging a discount of ten per cent. on Canadian silverware.

But why not spend our silver dollars at home at 100 on the dollar?

Much airplane lumber procured by Canadians.

And much airplane made into pulpwood.

METHODIST CHURCH FORWARD MOVEMENT

Largest Religious Convention Held on Goose Lake Line: Work of Church Satisfactory.

Tuesday and Wednesday of this week have seen a large number of church workers gathered here from points in the Youngstown district of the Methodist Church, who have come in connection with the Christian workers' convention, which is identified with the "forward movement" of the church, and which is generally conceded to be the greatest religious convention ever held on the Goose Lake line.

The district covers a large territory and includes Craigville on the west and extends to the Saskatchewan boundary on the east, and occupies all the intervening territory from the Red Deer river to north of the Goose Lake line.

The convention was largely attended from all the towns on the Goose Lake line with the exception of Craigville. About 35 or 40 church workers from outside points were here in attendance at the convention.

The facts were brought out at the convention that the development of the work of the church has been very satisfactory. It was noted that although two new ministers have been added to the district, and one circuit is receiving a full year's service instead of a half year's, the grant required from the missionary society remains the same; this despite the general financial depression due to crop failure.

An address of welcome was tendered in the evening by J. Woodman, to which Rev. R. E. Finlay responded. A solo was sung by Rev. E. Finlay and a chorus by the choir.

Two very eloquent and impressive addresses were given on Tuesday by Rev. A. Lloyd Smith, M.A., B.D., of Toronto, and Rev. T. Powell, of Calgary, outlining the program of the national inter-church campaign. The aim of this movement is to make a more vital Christian force in the land. To do this, the Methodist Church alone requires \$4,000,000, and the other four denominations concerned, viz., the Anglican, Presbyterian, Baptist and Congregational need proportionate amounts. This program was enthusiastically endorsed, and the share of this district was placed at from \$5,000 to \$7,000.

On Tuesday evening, the convention proper had its inaugural meeting, when the Rev. T. Powell gave an interesting and forceful speech in which he made further reference to the inter-church campaign which is to be launched on Sunday, September 28. It is an effort on the part of the churches to prove that Christianity is not a failure. The whole of the Dominion of Canada is to be engaged in this movement, when an urgent call for volunteers for Christian work will be made, especially to the young people. The money that is raised will make possible the support of many additional men on the foreign field and at home, as well as making more ample provision for educational purposes for the churches.

Rev. A. Lloyd Smith's Address
Rev. A. Lloyd Smith also gave a speech of unusual brilliance, which he began by a quotation from G. K. Chesterton to the effect that Christianity had not been tried and found wanting but tried and found difficult. He then proceeded to give a glowing account of the vast resources of Canada in agriculture, forestry, mining and fishing. God has been making the Dominion great, he stated, both in material wealth and manhood. Those objects for which our men have died must be made to prevail in the earth. In this last great conflict, some things stood out that could not be disregarded, one of which was selfishness, which was at the root of the war.

"God has spoken once again, 'All that do unrighteousness are an abomination to me,'" Rev. Smith stated. Moral laws stood everywhere and all

ways, and therefore we must have righteousness not only between individuals, but nations as well. He looked for a new and better world in which Christ will rule over human hearts. Canada was destined to have a place in this new world.

World democracy is now before our vision, he stated. It must be a democracy, not only in a political sense, but must definitely stand for an inherent love of justice. This could not be perfectly realized without Christianity. Our industrial system, which was not democratic, was being introduced in the Orient and was producing conditions that are unparalleled in the western world, especially in regard to cheap labor and long hours for women and children. Wealth and atheism were growing there to a surprising degree and added, "What disaster and suffering may the future see if these vast millions continue in this development of power and ironclad."

Referring to missionary effort in the Orient, he said that all should feel their responsibility in this task and should give vital expression to their Christian principles. National wealth would add the churches, and if they could establish in these nations a rising tide of Christian influence and carry them into this state of real democracy, then we may look for such transformations as though "God's will were being done on earth as it is in heaven."

On Wednesday there were three sessions. The morning session was devoted to the study of church problems, with a view of enabling the church to minister more effectively to the needs of the community. Three addresses were given and lively discussions followed.

In the afternoon the topic was the Sunday school. There was a serious attempt to find out the methods that would make that department of the church more successful in meeting the requirements of the present day. The crux of the whole problem, both of the morning and afternoon sessions seemed to be the "teen-age boys and girls, and the young people. It was felt that the tendency of these sections of the community to drift from church was largely due to the fact that the church was not made attractive for them; and that the right kind of appeal was not made to them by the conduct of the middle-aged people. It too, was felt that the home should be devoted to the study of church problems, with a view of enabling the church and Sunday school. An increased earnestness on the part of the church people would do much to solve the problems that confront all Christian workers.

After the afternoon session, the ladies of the Union Church gave a supper to the delegates; over 20 guests were present. The delegates appreciated this kind of thoughtfulness, and their sentiments were voiced by Rev. R. E. Finlay, of Owen. It was an informal affair, yet it passed off with great success.

The evening session was taken up by two addresses, one from the Rev. R. E. Finlay, the chairman of the district, and the other by our own minister, Rev. J. R. Geeson. Before the addresses were given, Mr. Finlay moved and Mr. Bray, of Sibbald, seconded that the sincere thanks and the appreciation of the delegates be tendered to the board of managers of the Union Church, the local minister and the people of Youngstown for making the convention and the district meeting possible. This vote of thanks was suitably acknowledged by Jas. Woodman.

Among those present at the convention were: Rev. J. P. Sutcliffe, Ceres, E. Bray, Sibbald, guests of Mrs. Good; Rev. G. H. Elliott, Chinook, W. A. McLaughlin, Chinook, guests of Mrs. Crockett; Miss M. W. Walker, Owen, Miss Helen Campbell, Alaska, guests of Mrs. McNaughton; Mrs. Mackenzie, Sibbald, Mrs. Cairns; Rev. W. P. Smith, Fairview, guest of Mrs. Lent; Rev. E. Finlay, Acadia Valley, J. H. Briggs, Renton, guests of Mrs. Scott; Mr. Walker, Owen, L. C. Robie, Colbourne, guests of Mrs. Aggett; Rev. R. E. Finlay, Owen, Rev. T. Powell, Calgary, guests of Mrs. W. C. Ald; Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Ceres, guests of Mrs. A. Lyster; Edmund Hess, Owen, Mrs. Briggs and Mrs. Taggart, Spring Valley, guests of Mrs. Slesler; Miss A. Boyes and Miss C. Bredin, Farming Valley, guests of Mrs. Cummins; Rev. V. and Mrs. Forsythe, Sibbald, guests of Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Geeson; Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Diamond, Mr. Jardine, Scotland; E. T. Mitchell; Chinook; Messrs. Holman and families, Acadia Valley, Mrs. Ringrose, Mrs. McColl, Mrs. MacFarlane and Mrs. Balch.

SOUNDING CREEK COUNCIL MEETING

Demand Affidavits of Grain Threshed from Seed Supplied

A meeting of the council of Sounding Creek Municipal District was held in the secretary's office, Youngstown, on Saturday, August 30.

Present—Councillors Cameron, Clapperton, Fraser, Farrow and Moore. The minutes of the last meeting were adopted as read.

The council sitting as a court of revision to consider assessment appeals, J. Cameron moved that the assessment on the north half section 2231-5-4 be reduced from \$1,600 to \$1,500; that the appeal of Herbert Connah on N.W.-10-29-8-4 be left to the secretary to obtain further information; and that other appeals be dismissed. The motion was carried.

On a motion of R. C. Fraser, that whereas the chief weed inspector, J. McLean, has been negligent in his duties as weed inspector, it was resolved that he be dismissed from the office, and that Wm. McCool be offered the position in his place with instructions to give special attention to township 29-5.

J. Cameron moved and the secretary was instructed to advise the department that the Municipal District of Richdale has not cleaned up its weeds, and to request an immediate inspection by the provincial inspector.

On motion of J. Cameron by-law No. 15, being a by-law relating to stock running at large during the year 1919, be read a second time.

R. C. Fraser moved, and it was agreed, that a letter be sent to each rate-payer to whom seed grain has been issued demanding an affidavit regarding amount of grain threshed by him; and warning him that if any of such grain is sold before payment of his lien, or arrangement satisfactory to the council has been made, he will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The secretary was instructed to get quotations re debentures.

The accounts passed by the finance committee were ordered paid.

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| Pay Sheet Div. No. 1 | \$356.50 |
| Pay Sheet Div. No. 2 | 206.50 |
| Pay Sheet Div. No. 3 | 359.00 |
| Pay Sheet Div. No. 4 | 42.75 |
| Pay Sheet Div. No. 5 | 31.50 |
| R. W. Johnston | \$5.50 |

L. M. Colpitts, salary and commission

Western Mun. News, office supplies

Western Cor. Cul. Co., road plow

Western Cor. Cul. Co., Fresno shoes

Banner Hardware Co.

W. C. Auld

E. A. Proctor, gatherer bounties

R. C. Fraser, do

Empire Lumber Co.

Youngstown District U.F.A.

R. S. Woodruff

A. A. Slesler

J. D. McLean, salary as weed inspector

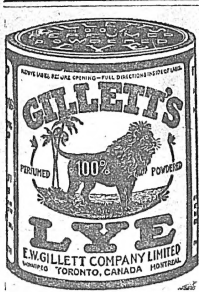
A. N. Leishman, do

The council then adjourned to meet again on Saturday, September 27.

TELEPHONE EXTENSIONS.

The new telephone lines which have been in process of construction north and east of Strathmore are now nearing completion, and one of them is now operating.

The line which is now operating runs from Strathmore to Drumheller, and takes in the following points: Baintree, Tudor, Rockyford, Redlands, Rosebud, Benyon, and Horseshoe Coulee. It is expected that this line will take up a great deal of the traffic west of Drumheller, and will thus be a great aid in securing better telephone service between Youngstown and Calgary.



Stop Decrying The Farm

Confronted with the task of reorganizing Canada on a peace basis following the upheaval of the Great War, and faced with the necessity of discharging that task under entirely new conditions and with a new social order demanded by all, thinking men and women all over the Dominion are endeavoring to ascertain what is Canada's most pressing need and how that need can be supplied.

It seems to be fairly generally accepted that from a financial, economic and purely business standpoint the most pressing national need of this Dominion is that all men and women shall become imbued with the ambition to work as they have never worked before, and by their labor produce from the natural resources of this country the wealth which will enable Canada to meet its enormous war debt and heavy national obligations, and discharge the duties and responsibilities imposed upon it.

Opinion, however, is divided as to the policies to be inaugurated and the methods employed to bring about this development of our natural resources and consequent greater production of wealth. Consequent upon this division of opinion, many phases of the big problem have become political issues in a partisan sense, one party advocating one policy, another party upholding an entirely different policy and course of action.

In the final analysis, however, it is the farmers of Canada who must largely solve the problem which confronts Canada today. Farmers represent the greatest and the basic industry of Canada. As a class they constitute the largest group in our population. They are the largest primary producers of wealth in this Dominion. Unless agriculture prospers, Canada cannot grow and prosper. These are self-evident facts. It is important, therefore, that the country should be impressed by them, and that all governments in Canada should govern themselves accordingly. The government that devotes itself most assiduously to the welfare and promotion of successful agriculture in Canada will prove to be the best government.

However, while governments can do much, and ought to do far more than they have done in the past to encourage and develop the business of farming, there are some things which the people, and more particularly the farmers, must do themselves. Some of these things were referred to by Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture for Alberta, in a recent speech which is deserving of the widest possible publicity.

First and foremost, declared Mr. Marshall, it is our duty to see to it that the farmers' sons and daughters throughout the entire Dominion are so effectively trained that they will be qualified to make the best farmers and farmers' wives that can be found anywhere in the civilized world. He arraigned Canadian governments for their failure to spread agricultural

education throughout Canada. "Never in Canada's history," he said, "was the need of agricultural education so serious. Never in public school did a teacher tell me it would be a fine thing to be a farmer. I never had a teacher say to me that it would be the finest and best ambition to settle down and endeavor to become the best cultivator of land and best live stock breeder in the county of Bruce. I am a big short-horn breeder in Alberta in spite of the education I got in Ontario. In Belgium, the best draft horse breeding country in the world, I find in the school text books such lines as 'this horse is a good horse because his feet are sound,' and 'this horse is a strong horse because his back is short.' When I read that I understand why Belgium beats the world in horse breeding, and then I think of the stuff they told me about the cat and the rat and the hat and the mat."

Mr. Marshall continued: "We have got to teach the boys and girls in the public schools that the finest business in this world, the one that offers the biggest opportunity for home building and the greatest opportunity to become a useful citizen is that of tilling the soil on a good farm. We have got to get away from this business of belittling the farmer, and there have been many farmers engaged in running down their own business more than anybody else. They say that it is drudgery, and the ladies at times have said such things as, 'Poor girl, she married a farmer.' That is the kind of thing I want to get out of the minds of the sons and daughters of this Dominion of Canada."

And who will say Mr. Marshall is not right? One never hears of a lawyer, a doctor, or a manufacturer decrying his business, nor their wives and children so. On the contrary, they boast of their occupations as the best and finest in the world. We all need to stop decrying the farming business, and on the other hand, to give Canadian boys and girls an inspiration to take up agriculture.

The welfare of our people and our national stability depends upon it.

His Chief Want
The parlor Bolshevik had the floor. "I want land reform," he shrilled. "I want education reform. I want church reform. I want marriage reform. I want—"

But here a listener interrupted with a loud and savage yawn: "What you want, old man," he said, "is chloroform."

Cease Work Upon All Warships
London.—The government has ordered work stopped on all warships on the Clyde, except those about to be launched, according to the Glasgow Daily Record. This paper understands that the same order has been issued at all shipyards in Great Britain. This will involve the discharge of many thousands of workers.

It Eases Pain—Ask any druggist or dealer in medicines what is the most popular of the medicinal oils for pains in the joints, in the muscles or nerves, or for neuralgia and rheumatism, and he will tell you that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is in greater demand than any other. The reason for this is that it possesses greater healing qualities than any other oil.

West Gains Many New Immigrants
Winnipeg.—Since the beginning of the year 15,434 settlers, bringing with them money and personal property valued \$8,577,891, have entered the western Canada. A large majority of the immigrants went to Saskatchewan and Alberta. Manitoba received 2,061, western Ontario 429, Saskatchewan 5,026, Alberta 6,154, and British Columbia. Almost all the immigrants are farmers with their families. Many of them are taking homesteads, with some buying improved farms.

French General Dies
Paris.—General Lemonnier de Boisdefre, former chief of staff of the French army, is dead. He was born in 1838.

Tea and Coffee
are not considered good for
young people, but nothing is
missed when you have
INSTANT POSTUM
Its rich flavor pleases, and it
contains absolutely nothing
harmful. "There's a Reason"

Wheat Price May Be Higher

H. W. Wood Says Deal on Sell
Part of Crops at \$2.30

Calgary.—That Alberta farmers will receive at least the price they did last year for this season's wheat crop was the statement made by H. W. Wood, president of the United Farmers of Alberta, and member of the Canadian Grain Board.

"How much more than the \$2.17 initial price are the farmers likely to receive?" he was asked.
"I do not know," replied Mr. Wood. "Last year the millers paid a fixed price of \$2.24½ and a carrying charge of three cents, making the total figure \$2.27½. The indications are, and in fact negotiations are now on for the sale of quite a quantity of this year's wheat at around \$2.30. It is possible that the export demand will go somewhat higher in the future, and as the export price increases the price to the millers will be fixed on the same level."

Asked as to what the cost of the administration would be, Mr. Wood stated he did not know the exact figure, but it would be small, probably a fraction of a cent a bushel.

"How does the price compare with that of the United States wheat?" Mr. Wood was asked.
"Number 1 Northern minimum price at Duluth has been fixed at \$2.22½," he replied.

Mr. Wood stated that the Canadian Grain Board were again meeting the second Thursday in September.

LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER

Girls! Make This Cheap Beauty
Lotion to Clear and Whiten

Your Skin
Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quantity of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet concern will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear, and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

Viscount Grey Sails Sept. 16
London.—Viscount Grey, the new British ambassador to the United States, will sail for New York on Sept. 16, it was announced here.

A Real Splee
"Kitty, this is our wedding anniversary. Let's go out and buy something useless that we can't afford."

ALMOST LYNCHED
It happened to a local druggist that sold a cheap can of corn salve instead of the reliable Putnam's Corn Extract. Substitutes burn the flesh—Putnam's cures the corn. Use only the best—Putnam's. 25c at all dealers.

10,000 Yet To Come
Difficult to Say When Rest of C.E.F. Will Get Home

Ottawa.—It is difficult to state how long it will take to bring home the balance of the Canadian Expeditionary Force now in England. Late reports received at the Militia Department place the number of men to be brought over at about 10,000. This number may have been decreased by sailings taking place within the past couple of days. The movement of these men is somewhat delayed by the fact that most of them have dependents, and that accommodation boats have to be provided for women and children. If boats are available the remainder of Canada's army should reach home shores within a comparatively short time.

Seven Whiskey Stills Raided
Saskatoon.—Seven illicit whiskey stills working overtime in the Canora, Sask., district east of here were raided by Inspector J. M. Davis, of the inland revenue department, R.N. W.M.P. and provincial officers. Eight men were arrested, and they paid fines totalling \$1,870. The stills were extremely complicated. This is the largest single round-up since Saskatchewan went dry.

Many Steps
George: I told her I was going to kiss her once for every step of the way home.
Jack: And what did she do?
George: Became very angry, but she went upstairs and put on a hobble skirt.

Enough Glory For All
A debate about which of four quarts makes a gallon would be as sensible as a debate about which of the several forces joined against the Central Powers won a victory against them.—Chicago Tribune.

Third Dose Relief! Fifth Dose! Diarrhoea Stopped.

Diarrhoea does not need to persist for any length of time until the whole system is weakened and debilitated. No other disease so quickly undermines the strength and brings about a condition of prostration and very often total collapse.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is not only prompt and effectual in checking the diarrhoea, but at the same time acts as a stimulant, strengthens the heart and braces up the whole system, and one of its principal points is that it does not leave the bowels in a constipated condition.

Mr. W. H. Arnold, Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask., writes: "A few years ago while out threshing, I had a severe attack of diarrhoea. Nothing I took seemed to do me any good. I was getting worse all the time. Hearing that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry was good for diarrhoea, I went into town and procured a bottle. After the third dose I felt relief, and after I had taken the fifth dose the diarrhoea stopped. I always keep it in the house, and would not be without it."

That you get the original "Dr. Fowler's," it has been on the market for the past 74 years. Substitutes may endanger your health. Price 35c. Sold only by The Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Luminous Trail Marks

Luminous Ribbon Used for Marking
Trails Through the Woods

There is a very simple application of luminous paint that should be useful in summer camps, on the routes of boy scouts, in peace-time manoeuvres of citizen soldiers, in marking the landing places of aircraft, etc.

The British army had discs or buttons two or three inches in diameter, coated with luminous paint, and having a sharp spike on the under side. These were stuck upon the sides of trenches, buildings, fences, etc., or were swung by hand to give signals in the well-known danger, where bright lights were dangerous or where silence was imperative.

The luminous discs were visible from 30 to 60 feet, so they formed valuable landmarks. Luminous ribbon was also used for marking trails through the woods, and luminous patches were attached to the backs of stretcher-bearers to prevent them from being fired upon by their own troops.

It has been suggested that the names and addresses of city streets might well be marked with this luminous paint.

Wants Allied Intervention
British Withdrawal From North
Russia Means German Domination

Copenhagen.—Unless something is done to remove the fear and prejudice with which they are now regarded even by bourgeois, there is little chance for the ultimate success of Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin against the Russian Bolsheviks, said Dr. Camillo Mariani, who has arrived here from Russia after a four years' stay there as the head of the Danish Red Cross.

The bourgeoisie desire allied intervention. The British withdrawal from north Russia means eventually German domination there, especially since Germany has lost her overseas colonies and the only road left her is eastward.

Big Expenditure at North Battleford
One hundred thousand dollars is the estimated cost of the new buildings being constructed by the Canadian National railways at North Battleford. The new works include a 15-story roundhouse, a new combine shop, 86 by 49 feet, a new compressed air dry house turntable, and a complete new equipment for the machine shop. The new roundhouse is being built in the rear of the existing one, and is half as big again as the present structure. Some idea of the amount of concrete called for in the specifications can be gathered from the fact that over 4,000 barrels of cement will be used.

Mount Vesuvius Active
Rome.—After long rumblings, Mount Vesuvius has begun erupting again, two streams of lava flowing toward the valley. So the eruption has not been so heavy as to threaten the villages at the base of the mountain.

"Can't you find work at your trade?"
"No, ma'am."

"Why not?"
"Well, you see, just as I had qualified as a handwriting expert, everybody went and bought a typewriter."

W. N. U. 1279

Canadian Soldiers Wanting Land

Approximately 6,500 Loans Granted
Through the Board to Former Soldiers

Regina.—To the end of July, 25,000 applications had been made to the Soldiers' Settlement Board by returned soldiers wishing to go on the land, according to Col. R. Innes, director of the agricultural branch of the board's work, who paid an inspection visit here. Of these, 22,000 had been disposed of and 74 per cent of the 22,000 actually had been approved. Approximately 6,500 loans had been granted through the board to former soldiers and 3,500 discharged men had been given free land grants. The total expenditures to July 31 amounted to \$20,500,000 and the average loan was \$3,100. There was a sign of falling off in the demand for loans, according to Colonel Innes, and settlement was well distributed throughout the entire country. At present there were 600 returned soldiers in the various training centres acquiring experience in farming before taking up land.

What a pity that the truth is the most disagreeable thing one can say about some people!

All Night with Asthma—Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfit for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

Livestock Industry in North
Some idea of the extent of the livestock industry in the Battleford district can be gained from the fact that 120 cars of stock have received official certificates for shipment since July 1. A considerable portion of the shipments was from the Turfville branch, along which thousands of cattle are being fattened upon the prairie grasses. It should be understood that this shipment represents fat stock and cattle have not been rushed to market in an unfinished condition because of shortage of feed, which is responsible for heavy shipments in some dry areas.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff
The Lot of the Rural Teacher

Condition of schools provides better facilities and other advantages, but the important step in improvement of public schools is procurement of well-equipped teachers in such circumstances that they will feel warranted in continuing in their situations. When the rural teacher is the worst paid toiler in the community it is not to be expected that the community will have good schools.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Huns Leaving Germany
Berlin.—Five million Germans have fled with the central bureau of immigration and its four sub-stations applications to leave the country. The majority are turning their eyes toward South America. A large number have also indicated their desire to settle in Palestine.

Destroy Cold Storage Eggs
Winnipeg.—Four hundred pounds of cold storage eggs were destroyed here on instructions from the chief city health inspector.

It's up to you to have the best

The man who buys an inferior article is the loser in the long run. It's the long run that counts.

THE COMMUNITY STEEL RANGE FOR THE THIRTY BUYER, IS THE BEST RANGE VALUE OFFERED TODAY. IT Embodies Features Herebefore found only in the Most Expensive Ranges:

- A Handmade Tie Back.
- Full Vented Hot Drop Closet and Oven Doors.
- A Large Key with Front Lift.
- Only one Hot Air or Gas Oven Thermometer.
- A 7-Gallon Capacity Cook, Boil, Stew, Roast, Fry, with Regulation.
- A Fuel-Saving Firebox, with Sectional Linings and Double Grates for Coal or Wood.

Price is well within the reach of everyone. Please See This Range at Your Dealer's or Full Particulars will be sent you on request.

40 Years in the Steel Business

MERRICK-ANDERSON CO., LIMITED,
ESTABLISHED 1882

Manufacturers and Wholesale Distributors of Stoves, Furnaces, Radiators, Metal Buildings, Pumps, Roofing, Auto Accessories and Sporting Goods.

117 BASSATYNE AVE. E. WINNIPEG, MAN.

Warning Against Hoarding Sugar

Toronto.—With reference to an Ottawa dispatch of August 23, stating that the wholesale grocers, in their convention at Ottawa, had predicted that sugar would rise to 20 cents a pound before the present shortage would be relieved, Hugh Blair, president of the Wholesale Grocers' association of Canada, said: "There must be some mistake about this, as no discussion took place at the convention as to what the price of sugar was likely to be. It was, however, stated to the convention that speculators in the United States had bought fifty cars of granulated sugar, held in Halifax, at the regular Canadian price, but it had been resold to other speculators in the United States and was now offered at \$13.90 at Halifax to the Dominion government, and I believe a few cars were bought at this price. The convention generally felt that to buy sugar at such a figure might have the effect of creating an advance on all sugars, which would be most unfortunate."

"It was also felt that selling this sugar would have the appearance of profiteering, even if sold again at cost, because sugar is sold today in Montreal to the wholesale trade at \$10.40 and \$10.50, with the usual discount off, and is resold to the retail trade at these figures, with the freight added. The shortage in sugar has been caused entirely through the lack of shipping facilities, owing to the marine strike, which prevented refiners from getting raw sugar, and if shipping facilities can be restored to normal conditions without further delay, we should get supplies of refined sugar to meet our requirements within the next 30 or 60 days."

"I would like to warn the public against buying sugar beyond their pressing requirements, because hoarding sugar is certainly going to increase the price to the consumers, who will be in want, besides depriving the rest of the public from getting their fair share of what sugar is to be had. Every wholesale and retail grocer should furnish their customers with the smallest quantity of sugar they can get along with until sugar becomes more plentiful."

Three Men Burn to Death
Boise, Idaho.—Three men were burned to death in a forest fire raging near Burdick, north of Lake Port. They were part of a crew of 200 which turned out to save the village of Gurgord. Heavy winds swept the flames through the forest and cut the three men off from the crew. The fire is the largest of the season in southern Idaho, having spread over more than 40,000 acres since it started.

Wheat Board to Meet at Toronto
Winnipeg.—A public meeting of the Canadian Wheat Board will be held in the Board of Trade rooms, Royal Bank building, Toronto, Ont., at 9.30 a.m., Monday, September 8, when the board will hear expressions of opinion from the public on the scheme for the handling of the 1919 wheat crop.

Lloyd George Calls Halt To Expenditures

London.—After his recent speech in the House of Commons, in which he insisted upon economy, Premier Lloyd George wrote to his ministerial colleagues, calling attention to the huge national expenditure and impressing upon them the need of immediately curtailing. The letter, as quoted by the Daily Mail, says among other things: "The time has come when each minister ought to make clear to those under his control that if they cannot reduce expenditure they must make room for somebody who can. That is the public temper and it is right." The Premier declares it is "indispensable that the staffs of the public services have hardly been reduced perceptibly since the ending of the war, and says that those responsible must be compelled to perform their duty, however unpleasant. With regard to ruthless cutting, he adds: "We must content ourselves with the second best where the best is too costly."

The Premier concludes by telling his ministers that they must find time during recess to consider the best method of dealing with the question and report to him by midnight what steps they have taken or propose to take.

Stop Work On Warships

Stop May Involve Loss of Some 25 Million Pounds

London.—All private shipbuilding yards throughout the country, numbering about twenty, are affected by the government order that all work be stopped on warships except those about to be launched. The Admiralty yards at Chatham, Devonport and Portsmouth will not stop, however, as they are entirely occupied with the refitting of 2,700 steamers which are about to be returned to the owners from whom they were requisitioned for war service. Among the warships being built at private yards are cruisers, destroyers and submarines, and the work on some of these may be continued, according to the Mail, if it is found cheaper to complete them than to break them up.

Shipbuilders must be liberally compensated in cases where contracts are broken, but although several million pounds sterling may be involved, it may prove more economical than carrying out the building program. The Mail quotes an officer of the Admiralty as saying that one sound reason for stopping work on warships is that the step will clear the yards for commercial building. There is an excellent demand for new tonnage, and this work will probably absorb the men liberated by the stoppage of work on naval vessels. According to the Glasgow Daily Record, work on 40 warships valued at \$125,000,000 has been stopped.

Abdicated Ruler Sues for Estate.
Berlin.—Former Duke Charles Edward of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha has filed a suit against the republic of Gotha and its commissioners to recover his estate, which was confiscated when he declined to accept a settlement of 15,000,000 marks.

The Prince of Waldeck-Pyrmont is also suing for the recovery of half of his domain after the failure of negotiations with the new government.

Sending Families to Switzerland
Geneva.—Swiss newspapers state that nearly all the Bolshevik leaders in Russia and Hungary, and even in Germany, have sent their wives and relatives to Switzerland lately for safety, thereby condemning their own regime of terror. The women were supplied with false passports, chiefly Czechoslovak, and false names. The Swiss authorities have discovered this trickery and are applying stricter measures on examination.

Prince to See Hockey Match
Victoria.—An ice hockey game for the entertainment of the Prince of Wales during his visit here in September is the plan that Lester Patrick has on hand. He will probably gather together a couple of teams of professional players to give the royal visitor an opportunity of seeing an exhibition of Canada's national winter game on artificial ice.

Lloyd George Calls Halt To Expenditures

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W. N. U. 1279

California Transportation Is Paralyzed

Workers Disregard Orders of Their Union Leaders and Quit Work

San Francisco, Cal.—Although both government and railroad brotherhood officials were striving to prevent its spread, a strike of yard and switchmen and allied crafts has paralyzed steam rail transportation in southern and central California. The men, who went on strike as individuals and without a formally announced reason, defied definite orders of their union officials to return. In southern California telegraphic instructions were received from Warren S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, for the men of that craft to resume their posts. The men had the instructions under consideration.

Railroad officials said it was the worst strike in the history of the state. Throughout the day a scant half dozen or more trains moved from here for southern and eastern points, but one transcontinental train, the Pacific Limited of the Southern Pacific company, leaving the Oakland mole, the transcontinental terminus for the southern and western Pacific and the Santa Fe railroads.

Benefits Of Prohibition

Figures From Six Cities Since U.S. Went Dry Show Arrests

Boston, Mass.—Official reports of arrests for drunkenness in six of the largest cities of the state for the first month of prohibition, Edward C. R. Bagley, state director of prisons, said, indicated that these arrests in the future would be so few as to constitute a negligible quantity in sending persons to jails and correctional institutions. The six cities, which included Worcester and Holyoke, Dr. Bagley said, represented a total of arrests for July of 329, as compared with 975 for June. The reports for August would show a considerably further decrease, he said.

Rich Gold Strike

Rush of Prospectors and Miners to Copper Lake District

The Pas, Man.—Details of the gold discovery made at Copper Lake by J. P. Gordon, show that he uncovered a vein six feet wide with a four-inch streak of quartz and gold with a determined volume of 50 per cent.

Gold samples have arrived here containing wire, leaf and nugget gold. In one sample the wire gold was holding the matrix together. Concessioner Wallace has issued a statement saying that no similar rich discovery has ever come under his notice. Gordon says that he sunk a test pit three feet down and the yellow metal was seen down the side of one wall and freely upon the bottom. The formation surrounding the discovery is a granite schist located in a small basin of Copper Lake.

A rush of prospectors and miners has taken place and the town is emptied of every available man.

Taking of Petrograd Doubtful
London.—The reported impending attempt to take Petrograd from the Bolsheviks is not likely to materialize, according to the Daily Mail's Helsingfors correspondent. Such an operation, he points out, must be by land, and the only available forces consist of Finns, Russians and Estonians. It is very doubtful, however, in the opinion of the correspondent, if Finland's help could be obtained, since the Socialist victory in the presidential election defeated General Mannerheim, who alone was capable of leading an expedition.

Scheme to Liquidate Enemy Debts
London.—It has been decided that the board of trade shall be the department to be entrusted with the huge task of the liquidation of enemy debts. A scheme is now being prepared to enable the board to discharge this heavy responsibility. Millions are involved, and it is thought that the work will last at least for three years. It is intended to set up a separate department for the purpose, and it is expected that some prominent banker or commercial magnate will be placed at its head.

Withdraw From One Big Union
Vancouver.—The Vancouver postal workers have withdrawn from the Vancouver trades and labor council (One Big Union). The vote of a referendum that has been in progress for the past two weeks was counted. The result was given as 314 in favor of withdrawing and 90 against.

There are approximately 400 members of the Postal Workers' Association in Vancouver.

Cannot Rely On States

Sir Auckland Geddes Says Europe Must Work Independently

London.—Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of National Service and Reconstruction, speaking at Basingstoke on government economy, said that a special financial committee, of which Premier Lloyd George is chairman, has been formed for that purpose and that the Premier was throwing himself with great energy into the work of cutting down expenditure.

Sir Auckland said that it was useless to rely on the United States to pull the British people through their difficulties. The United States had her own trade difficulties. She had increased the industrialism of her population and was not only a great exporter of manufactures, but the greatest exporter of raw materials. She was in the unhappy position of possessing so much that there was little she wanted, and, as a result, exchange between New York and London moved in her favor and, therefore, against her power to export. Moreover, because Britain required United States raw material, it was increasingly difficult for the United States to get her manufactures across the Atlantic. The only result of United States flooding Europe with goods would be a movement of exchange in her favor, making the price of United States goods in this country prohibitive. Europe must, therefore, work out her own salvation, he declared.

Admit Loss Of Odessa

Reds Could Not Stand Bombardment in Black Sea

London.—Occupation of Odessa, chief Russian port on the Black Sea, by allied forces is admitted in a Bolshevik government wireless message from Moscow received here. The occupation was effected, the dispatch states, after thirty vessels sent her boarded the city for two days.

On the Russian northwest front, according to the soviet statement, the Bolshevik troops are advancing in the region of Pskov, having progressed already to within three and one-half miles of that city. Shortly after the Bolshevik message was received, confirmation was given in official quarters here of the occupation of Odessa. A Russian volunteer army, it is stated, had occupied the city. The Bolsheviks retired in the direction of Balti, 120 miles northwest of Odessa.

Munition Ship Blown Up

Crew Succeeded in Escaping in One of the Boats

Yarmouth, N.S.—Twelve men, members of the crew of the Texas auxiliary four-masted schooner Elmer Roberts, Captain Jorgenson, arrived here reporting that their ship, loaded with ammunition, caught fire and blew up at sea. The schooner was on a voyage from Bordeaux to New York with a full cargo of ammunition. At midnight a lamp exploded in the ship's engine room. The flames spread with such rapidity that the crew barely succeeded in escaping in one of the boats, losing all their effects when the vessel blew up. Two days later they fell in with the schooner Roseway, of Yarmouth.

Gomper's Assistants

New York.—Samuel Gomper's has pledged "every service and aid" of the American Federation of Labor to the Actors' Equity Association until there comes an honorable and justifiable end to the actors' strike. He appeared unexpectedly at a meeting of 2,000 members of the association and delivered his promise of unstinted assistance in person from the speakers' platform, urging a "fight to the finish." He was given an enthusiastic ovation.

Critiques U.S. Interference

Paris.—French officials are much exercised over a warning to Turkey that massacres of Armenians must cease, which the United States is alleged to have acted alone in sending to the Turkish government.

The subject has been under discussion in the supreme council, in which it is reported that there was sharp criticism of United States interference in Turkey through missions and otherwise, despite the fact that the United States has shown no disposition to accept a mandate for the administration of any Turkish territory.

Don't Go to England

London.—Many people who rashly came to England are unable to secure passage homeward, resulting in considerable hardship. There are hopes of improvement in the situation, however, in the course of next month, when the British are strongly urged not to travel to England.

U. S. Government Forces Prices Down

German Ambassadors Chosen

Dr. Solf Will Represent Germany in Great Britain

Berlin.—Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen, former counsellor of the German embassy at Washington, has been selected for appointment as German ambassador to the United States, according to authoritative information.

Dr. W. S. Solf, the secretary for the colonies, is the selection for ambassadorship to Great Britain, and Herr Badowitz, former under-secretary of state, for the ambassadorship to China.

Fritz August Thiel, former German consular representative in Japan, has been picked for the post of ambassador at Tokio. The appointments of the men selected for ambassadorships, it is stated, depend upon the attitude of the powers in question. If they send change d'adresses to Berlin, Germany will take like action as to representation in the capitals of such powers. There is no mention at present of the selection of a German ambassador to France.

Washington.—No inquiry has been made of the United States as to whether Von Haimhausen, former counsellor of the imperial German embassy here, would be acceptable as ambassador, but there is every indication that this government will not receive Haimhausen or anyone else formerly connected with the embassy under the regime of Count von Bernstorff.

Jail Is Sold for Granary

Waterford, California.—The Waterford jail, or "calaboose" as it was called, has been sold for \$35, and the present owner is using it for a granary. The jail was built in 1912 and prior to that time the jail was generally overflowing with occupants. Since that date, however, this institution has been empty and there has been practically no drunkenness. The jail was sold because it had been idle so many years. In fact, it seemed that there was no need for maintaining an institution of this kind.

The Bremen Not Captured

London.—There is no truth in the report that the German submarine Bremen was captured during the war and returned recently to Germany, according to official information given out here. It was added that the British Admiralty had no knowledge concerning the fate of the Bremen, but that it is assumed the submarine is founded while endeavoring to cross the Atlantic.

Miners Relax Claims

Sydney, N.S.—The United Mine Workers' Convention, in session here, decided not to press for a five-day week at this time.

A resolution adopted denounced the housing conditions in some of the mining districts.

600 Huns Deported

Sydney, N.S.W.—Following out the announced policy of the government, 600 more Germans have been deported. They include several well-known buyers.

Brussels.—The Belgian senate unanimously approved the peace treaty with Germany. The chamber of deputies ratified the treaty August 8.

Rapid Advance On Western Russian Front

London.—A communique issued by the War Office states that General Denikin's advance on the western Russian front continues with "great rapidity all along the line."

The capture of Odessa is confirmed, the city having been taken by a detachment of volunteers after two days' bombardment in the Black Sea. The detachment was landed and drove the Bolsheviks out of the town.

Along both banks of the Dnieper the volunteers advance toward Kiev is progressing.

It is stated on reliable authority that the Bolshevik forces throughout the whole of the Ukraine are completely demoralized.

Paris.—General Denikin, the anti-Bolshevik leader in southern Russia, now dominates a territory larger than Germany, and his forces are daily progressing into central Russia

Washington.—Prices are beginning to turn downward in various parts of the country, but the slump has not yet gathered momentum sufficient to affect purchases being made for immediate use, according to reports to the department of justice.

Attorney-General Palmer, asked how soon results could be expected from the campaign to reduce the cost of living, the outcome of which railroad employees have been requested to await before pressing demands for wage increases, said all the government wanted was a fair chance to show what could be done to take the artificial inflation out of the market. He said officials were well pleased with the success so far attained and that cumulative results were expected when congress enacts amendments to the food control law by which criminal penalties can be imposed on profiteers and hoarders.

"We hope the public will begin to reap the benefit of our efforts before long," Mr. Palmer said. "For instance, we are making progress in obtaining promises from shoe manufacturers as to fixing a limit beyond which prices shall not go."

Mythical Millions

Each Generation Deluded By Stories of Hidden Treasures

The governor of the Bank of England, Sir Brien Colvane, has undertaken to dispel "authoritatively" a delusion regarding that famous institution, a delusion which he describes as involving many in other lands as well as in England "in real private tragedies." He denied before the House of Commons that the Bank of England held any large amounts of unclaimed balances. The "Old Lady of Threadneedle Street," as they call the Bank of England, thus put an end to absorbing stories of mythical millions and hidden treasures of gold and diamonds. But if the governor of the Bank thinks he put an end to the search for mythical fortunes, he is mistaken. With every generation there will be some person, like Captain Kidd's gold, shipwreck treasure in the South Seas and fortunes in land and gold left by an ancestor. So long as people will continue to be deluded, so long will those persons whom Sir Brien describes as "unprincipled" profit by fostering such delusions.

Wanted Dangerous Correspondence Destroyed

Basle.—Rumanian military authorities have discovered in the archives of the Hungarian foreign ministry a telegram from Otto Bauer, former Austrian state secretary, entrusted with the management of the state bureau of foreign affairs of Bela Kun, former head of the Hungarian communist government, asking him to destroy all documents relative to the delivery of arms by Austria to Hungary, according to a Budapest dispatch received here.

Marital Law in Hungary

Paris, March 1.—The law which was proclaimed in Budapest a few days ago, has been extended to the whole of Hungary, says a Havas dispatch from Budapest.

Rome to Naples by Air

Rome.—Announcement is made here of the inauguration of passenger airplane service between this city and Naples.

Besse & Huggins

The Implement Men

McCormick and Deering Harvesting Machines
Titan and Mogul Tractors
Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Chinook, Alta.

NOTICE

I beg to notify my many friends and customers that I have moved into larger and more convenient premises, opposite the Union bank

Come in and see me

Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

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Coulters and Discs Sharpened

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Repairing.

Under New Management

Chinook Livery and Feed Barn

First-class Teams and Rigs.

The best of Hay ALWAYS

Draying in connection

Our Motto—"Service"
Give us a call

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PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of
Auction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK. Dates can be made at 11:00

MAH BROS.

Regular first-class meals, 40c
Board and Room by the week
very reasonable
Short Orders at all hours
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes
and Tobaccos
Ice Cream and Bread
Fruits in Season

CHINOOK MARKETS

| | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Wheat, No. 1 | \$2 00 |
| " No. 2 | 1 97 |
| " No. 3 | 1 92 |
| Oats, No. 2, Canada West | 70 |
| Oats, feed | 67 |
| Barley | 67 |
| Flax | 1.00 |
| Corn | - |
| Live Hogs (Calgary) | 00 00 |
| Eggs | 40 |
| Butter | 40 |

SCHOOL FAIR

The first annual school fair will be held at Chinook Friday, September 12th, 1919. The fair is conducted by the Olds School of Agriculture under the direction of the Alberta Department of Agriculture. The following schools will take part in this fair: Laughlin, Webster, Myrtle, Belle Plains, Longdale, Farming Valley, Crocus, Poplar, Buffalo Plains, Carpathia, Bison, Clover Leaf, Peyton, and Riddellvale.

The following rules will govern the fair:

1. Competition is open to pupils of the schools mentioned in this prize list.
2. Vegetable and flower exhibits must be from the seeds distributed.
3. Pupils who receive seeds must exhibit samples of the product.
4. No entry fee will be charged for any exhibit.
5. All exhibits must be the work of the exhibitor. Parents and teachers may advise and suggest but must not in any case do the work for the exhibitor.
6. Exhibits of live stock must have been fed and cared for by the pupil for three months previous to the fair.
7. Each school must arrange to bring its own exhibit to the fair.
8. No exhibitor may make more than one entry in one class.
9. All exhibits must be in place by 10.30 a.m. on the day of the fair.

HEAVY FINES FOR SHOOTING PRAIRIE CHICKEN

Fines amounting to \$210 and costs aggregating \$49 were paid by Joe Zuber, of Wakaw and his two sons last week at Assiniboia for shooting prairie chicken. The three offenders pleaded guilty and paid their fines and costs but professing to be ignorant of the law protected prairie chicken. The father, who is an old man and who declared that he did not do any of the shooting, was fined \$10 and costs.

WEATHER REPORT

Readings taken in the mornings and show temperatures of previous 24 hours.

| | | |
|---------------------|----|----|
| Friday, August 29 | 75 | 34 |
| Saturday, August 30 | 73 | 38 |
| Sunday, Sept. 1 | 73 | 38 |
| Tuesday, Sept. 2 | 54 | 35 |
| Wednesday, Sept. 3 | 62 | 34 |
| Thursday, Sept. 4 | 73 | 36 |

Seven illicit whisky stills, working overtime in the Canora, Sask. district were raided by Inspector J. M. Daniels, of the inland revenue department, co-operating with R.N.W.M.P. and provincial police officers last week. Eight moonshiners were arrested and paid fines totalling \$1,870 when arraigned before Justices of the Peace McIntosh and McKay at Canora. All the offenders were foreigners. This is the largest single round-up of the kind since Saskatchewan went "dry."

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Summer Tourist Fares

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Pacific Coast

FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP
TICKETS
to
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle,
Tacoma, Portland, San
Francisco,
Los Angeles, San Diego
NOW ON SALE
and up to Sept. 30. Return
Limit Oct 31, 1919
See Jasper and Mt. Robson
Parks

Eastern Canada

ALL RAIL AND LAKE AND
RAIL
to
Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa,
Montreal, Quebec, Halifax and
other Eastern Canada Points
SIX DAYS A WEEK SERVICE
Enquire about choice
of routes.
Standard Equipment

On your trip East have your travel plans include a few days at Minaki Summer Resort—
115 miles East of Winnipeg

For full information as to stop-overs, train service, fares from this district, apply local agent, or write
OSIR KNE SCOTT, G.P.A. W. STAPLETON, D.P.A. J. MADILL, D.P.A.
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Graduate of Chicago
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YOUNGSTOWN
Office: 2nd floor Bank of Toronto.
Special appointments for out-of-
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Will be at the Veadia Hotel, Chinook
every Friday, from 9.30 a.m.

CREAM WANTED!

Highest Prices Paid.
Weekly returns
For real satisfaction ship your
cream to

The Hanna Creamery
HANNA, ALBERTA.

\$10.00 Reward

For information leading to the recovery of a Red and White Cow,
1200 lbs, scar on ribs
Notify BUTCHER,
Cereal, Vita.



Chinook Lodge, No. 113, meets
Monday, at 8 p.m., in Arm's hall,
Chinook. Visiting members are cordially
invited.

N. Kerry, N.G. F. Boyer, R.S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

CHINOOK LODGE, No. 40, meets
on the First and Third Thursdays
of every month in their Castle Hall,
Arm's Block, Chinook.
Visiting members are cordially
invited to a tend.

C. E. Neff, K.R. & S. E. R. Dell, C.C.

FARM LANDS

GO TO

C. W. RIDEOUT

If you want to Sell or Buy a
Farm

M. L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended
to
Office: Opp. Crown Lumber
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Is prepared to handle sales
anywhere in Alberta
Dates can be arranged at this
office

Sale And Test Of Seed

Any Seed Grower May Have Samples Tested Free of Charge

The abnormal condition of seed markets during the war and the great need for abundant seed supplies to increase production made necessary the organization of a Seed Purchasing Commission, which was in effect, a Division of the Seed Branch, The Commission purchased, assembled, stored, cleaned and distributed this past season seed supplies of wheat, oats, barley and rye to the value of more than six million dollars. The business was conducted as nearly as possible at cost, and the moneys as received from the sale of seed were returned to the government. In purchasing, premiums were paid for supplies of superior quality. Over 400,000 bushels of seed oats were purchased in Ontario and Prince Edward Island and distributed in the prairie provinces. This quantity was required to supplement the western seed oats available to the Commission for distribution in those districts which posed upon them, they are extraordinary frosts. Approximately 100,000 bushels of seed oats, carried over the previous season, were distributed in the province of Quebec.

Direct encouragement to seed marketing will be provided through the Markets Intelligence Division. Seed crop and market reports will be issued, growers and producing organizations will be put in touch with the markets, and where possible new markets will be developed.

Any seed grower in Canada may have samples of his seed tested free of charge, up to twenty-five in number, at a Dominion seed laboratory. Timothy, red clover, alfalfa, and alfalfa seeds are graded and an official certificate issued on the sample submitted. Purity and germination reports are given on all seeds when required. These certificates are used by the seller to indicate the quality of his seed and assist him in finding a market.

Alies Reduce Coal Demands

Have Realized Germany Cannot Deliver Quantity Demanded

Berlin, Germany.—The Upper Silesian coal strike is making itself felt throughout Germany, and there is consequent relief at the Minister for Economics' announcement that the inter-allied coal commission has reduced the coal demanded of Germany from 40 to 21 million tons. It is stated that the Allies are realizing that Germany cannot deliver the quantity demanded at present at any rate, and that negotiations regarding a compromise are proceeding. The Allies are understood, however, to have reserved the right to revert to the full amount specified in the treaty.

Want Protection Against Bandits
Saulouki.—Delegates claiming to represent 35,000 Greeks living in the Ardahan district alleged suffering cording to the Athens News Agency, have telegraphed the peace conference at Paris an appeal for allied protection against bandits and the Turkish military, who, they asserted, have pillaged the country and massacred Greek inhabitants. The dispatch was quoted as saying these forces operate from a base at Erzerum. The dispatch directed attention to the fact that the people in the Ardahan district already suffered severely during the war because of the Turkish and Russian operations there.

Americans and Germans Clash
Copenhagen.—Collisions occurred between German and American sailors at Neufahrwasser, and resulted in the wounding of several civilians and one German seaman, according to Danzig reports received here. Neufahrwasser is a seagirt five miles north of Danzig.

The disorders grew out of a quarrel that arose in a dance hall, according to these dispatches. Americans involved in the disturbance, which was continued in the streets after the sailors left the dance hall, returned to their ship, the American destroyer Hale.

New German Loan
Weimar.—Minister of Finance Erzberger announced that the budget committee of the national assembly had proposed a new credit of nine billion marks. The loan would take the form of a premium loan bearing two per cent, and would be repayable at 110 and redeemable in thirty years. The credit would have taxation privileges, the minister added.

In after years a courtship may be converted into a battleship.

Benedict (gloomily): Oh, she's all right.

The English Strain In America

Imbued With English Standards of Thought and English Ideals

The population of the United States is made up of very diverse elements, but this population in its political and in its methods of life is controlled by English traditions. It is because, from the beginning of the Republic, America had accepted the point, the precedents of English common law and had moulded its statutes to the model of English statutory law; it is because the English stock had been strong enough to impose upon the whole continent the language as well as the law of Britain, and with that language peoples had been brought up through the centuries on English literature, that these people have come to be imbued with English standards of thought, English ideals, English justice. Varied as is the population of the United States, we can call ourselves for all practical purposes in the work of the world, an English folk. We are assuredly an English-speaking folk.—From an address by Col. Haven Putnam.

Stop Immigration To U.S.A.

Bill to Prevent Newcomers Entering Country for Two Years Introduced

Washington.—A bill to stop all immigration for two years and to deport all aliens who withdrew their first papers in order to escape military service during the war, was introduced by Chairman Johnson, of the house immigration committee. After the end of the two-year suspension period, aliens would be entitled to admission to the United States only under a passport of their written declaration to become an American citizen. They would be required to register annually until citizenship was conferred.

Fraudulent entry would be punishable by five years' imprisonment and \$1,000 fine, to be followed by deportation. Few exceptions to the prohibition of immigration for two years are permitted by the bill. Alien residents of the United States might send for their parents, grandparents, unmarried or widowed daughters or sons under 16, unless these relatives had been alien enemies, for whom special authorization for admission would be required. Skilled labor also might be imported under existing law and foreign officials, tourists, students and professional men might come into the country temporarily under passports.

Adoption of the bill would mean, its framers say, literal fulfillment of the so-called gentlemen's agreement between the United States and Japan with respect to immigration, and would keep out Japanese coolies. Representative Albert Johnson, of Washington, chairman of the house immigration committee in charge of the preparation of the bill, says that the requirement that aliens landing at United States ports must have passports with the United States will break up the great inflow of foreigners. The bill provides that aliens coming within the exemption clause of the present law must obtain passports from their own governments, advised by consular agents of the United States and limited as to time.

Skirmishing Around Aidin

Greek Occupation Is Thorn in Side Turks

London, England.—Turkish irregulars in Asia Minor continue their skirmishing with Greek troops around Aidin. They have also attacked a convoy escorted by Italians near the river Mender in the same area. It is clear that the Greek occupation of the Aidin vilayet is a perpetual thorn in the side of the Turks and they are using every effort by propaganda and arms to render the position impossible. In central Kurdistan a punitive expedition on Aug. 1 surprised Amadiyah and captured some inhabitants, who had murdered some British officers and men. Order is being restored in this area, but the country is still disturbed.

Archduke Joseph's Lifeguard
Copenhagen, Denmark.—A Berlin wireless message states that by appointing the former commander in Szegein to be commander-in-chief of the whole-Hungarian defense forces and of the general staff, Archduke Joseph has secured for himself the officers' regiment of Szegein as a lifeguard.

Did you ever hear a man with an obese bank balance say that the love of money was the root of all evil?

If a man is pushed for money he is usually shallow to the rear.

Bachelor (clerically): Well, old man, how's everything?

Control Of Liquor In Great Britain

Protest Against the Removal of Restrictions on Manufacture and Sale of Liquor

London, England.—A mass meeting to protest against the removal of the restrictions on the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor until a permanent measure of reform has been enacted by parliament took place in the Central Hall, Westminster, under the auspices of the Temperance Council of the Christian Churches of England and Wales, which represents 14 denominations. In the absence of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who was unable to be present, Cardinal Bourne moved a resolution to the effect that in view of the great advantage of the efficiency and moral well-being of the nation and public health which had followed the restrictions placed on the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors during the war, the meeting earnestly requested the government to maintain these restrictions until permanent measures of reform had been enacted in parliament.

Sir Donald Maclean, seconding, said the question had an important bearing on the immediate future. The future of the trades of this world, he said, would be claimed by the most sober nation. The question was one of business and of national efficiency.

Sir Thomas Barlow, supporting the resolution, said the object of the control board was to promote efficiency. It was easy to say that, the war being ended, justification for restrictive measures no longer existed, but he would point out that the building up of the British nation after its tremendous losses might prove quite as urgent as the war of defense during the war. The issue of bread versus beer might possibly arise again.

Miss Margaret MacMillan said she believed that up to the present they had never had a government which had plucked enough to face the whole drink question. Mr. Lloyd George had felt the power of public opinion behind him and would solve the question in a few weeks. Other speakers supported the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Export Of Canadian Cattle

Action May Be Taken to Remove the Embargo By Great Britain

Ottawa, Ont.—Dr. J. W. Robertson, who was one of the members of the Canadian mission to London representing the Department of Agriculture, has returned to Canada. In the course of a statement given out by Dr. Robertson as to his activities while abroad, he said that he had given very considerable attention, amongst other things, to the question of the removal of the restrictions on the importation of Canadian livestock into the United Kingdom, which is generally known as the cattle embargo. This important question was discussed with many representative agricultural bodies in England and Scotland, some of which were strongly in favor of the removal of the restrictions. Dr. Robertson, while he could not state anything definite on the subject, said he was hopeful that some time during the present year action would be taken by the British Government in the direction of the removal of the embargo.

Girl Stenographer Made President
Portland, Maine.—Miss Elsie V. Mann, a stenographer, has been chosen president of the \$300,000,000 corporation known as the National Leather Company, which will take over the Swift & Co. tanning interests. Swift & Co. shortly after the report of the Federal Trade Commission, in which practices of the packing firms were severely criticized, announced that it would get rid of its leather interests by organizing a new company with the same stockholders.

Protective Treaty for Fish Signed
Washington.—A treaty providing for the protection of fish in the coastal boundary waters of Canada and the United States on the Pacific has been signed at the state department by Secretary Lansing for the United States, and Counsellor Ronald Lind, secretary of the British embassy for Great Britain. The convention embodies recommendations of the American fish commission and British Columbia experts.

An Unusual Jury
A jury recently met to inquire into a case of suicide. After sitting throughout the evidence the twelve men retired, and after deliberating returned the following verdict: "The jury are all of one mind—temporarily insane."

Alarmist Crop Report Deplored

Sir John Aird Believes Crop Equal to Last Year

Toronto.—Alarmist reports respecting damage to the crops in western Canada have given the public mind an unduly gloomy picture of conditions, in the opinion of Sir John Aird, general manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, who recently returned from a trip to the Pacific coast. Sir John said he believed that, if good threshing weather continued, the value of the western crops would be quite equal to that of last year. The grades shown thus far were better than 1918 and recent rains had greatly improved the feed situation. He pointed out that last year supposed authorities had estimated that the wheat yield might not exceed 125,000,000 bushels, but actually a total of 175,000,000 bushels was produced, and Sir John said this year's yield might equal that figure.

In central and southwestern Saskatchewan and in southern Alberta the yield was disappointing, but even in the poor districts his personal observation had shown him that good farming methods paid, and in the irrigation belt the production was satisfactory. There was every year some damage from rust, but the situation did not warrant the extremely pessimistic reports of loss from this cause which he had seen in the newspapers on his return to Toronto.

Americans In The West

In the United States There Is No Cheap-Farm Land Left

Toronto.—Although alarmists in the United States have taken the stand that the lure of cheap lands in Canada is draining the United States of its agricultural population, official statistics do not confirm their fears. In the United States from 1914 to 1918, this is an average of more than 68,000 a year. What per cent. of the Canadians became farmers in the United States is not known. Taking these figures into consideration, it appears as if the United States was getting the best of the interchange of population.

Cape To Cairo Route

Northwest Corner To Be Added to Belgian Congo

Early statements were that the British were to have a mandate for all German East Africa, but now we have a Brussels announcement that Belgium will have a share of it. Its northwest corner is to be added to the Belgian Congo, the British retaining the remainder. In size the Belgian portion is not large, but it is excellent grazing territory and is inhabited by some of the most industrious natives. British hesitation to consent to a Belgian mandate has been based on the claim that Belgium has all she can manage in the Congo, that she has been lax in protecting the Congo herds against epidemic diseases, and that the natives express a strong preference for British rule. The British also attach a sentimental value to the region because of its associations with their own explorers. But the concession is small, and it is left wholly clear that British rights to the Cape-to-Cairo route are safeguarded.

Caught
"Young man," said his sweet-heart's father, "do you smoke cigarettes?" "I should say not!" declared the youth piously. "I would consider it disgraceful to be seen with one of those vile things in my mouth. I think all cigarette smokers should be imprisoned. Why do you ask, sir?" "Thought perhaps you could let me have one," said the old man. "I smoke 'em myself."

Germans Making Trouble
Paris.—The supreme council considered the shortage of coal and discussed a message concerning the coal situation received from Herbert Hoover, head of the inter-allied relief organization. It is reported that the Germans are stirring up trouble among the coalminers of Silesia for the purpose of aggravating the coal shortage.

There isn't much hope for a man so deaf that he is unable to hear the noise of a paper dollar.

W. N. U. 1279

Work Of Young Turk Agents

Directing A Vast Movement Against Armenia, Led By Turkish Officers

Paris, France.—In an appeal to the allies, the President of Armenia states that the Turks, Kurds and Tartars are directing a vast movement against Armenia, led by Kiazim Bey, Enver Pasha and numerous Turkish officers. Documents seized prove that the movement is the work of Young Turk agents, and the President adds that Turkish troops are everywhere disregarding the armistice terms, and, encouraged by the British withdrawal, are endeavoring to establish communication with the Russian Bolsheviks.

Method Of The Huns

French Prisoners Ordered to Be Shot While Appell Was Pending

Lille, France.—Evidence adduced before the French military court inquiring into crimes committed by the Germans during the occupation indicates that a charge of murder may be brought against Von Heinrich, a former military governor of Lille. Testimony against Von Heinrich was given by Madame Jacques and Madame Martens, widows of men shot by the Germans.

It was testified that after sentence of death had been passed on Jacques and Martens, Heinrich authorized the lawyers of the condemned men to appeal to the German emperor. While the appeal was being made Von Heinrich, it was declared, ordered that the men be executed, and they were shot 24 hours later. The military court also has heard evidence against Von Zocher, former quartermaster-general at Charleville. It has been testified that he was responsible for the deportation of girls from Lille in 1916. General Von Gravens, governor of Lille at the time, it was declared, held Von Zocher responsible for the order of deportation.

Dr. Von Hensverus, a resident of Fives, near Lille, told the court that Captain Himmen Le Belfaire was responsible for the murder of the doctor's 19-year-old son in November, 1916. The boy was bayoneted by a German soldier on the order of the captain. The doctor testified further that the captain, the German governor of Lille and the German governor of Loubaix were responsible for the torturing of French youths in German work camps.

The court is also inquiring into the case of Lieut. Boyel Von Gynitz of the 8th Chasseurs of Treves. The lieutenant is charged with the attempted murder of Abbe Hallinac at Narcoen-Baroel. It is declared that the officer, while drunk, twice stabbed the priest, in whose house he was living. Afterward he smashed the furniture and stole some money.

To Flood Italian Market

Germany Has Goods Stored Ready to Rush Into Italy

Genoa.—The possible flooding of the Italian market with German goods is attracting much attention in local industrial circles. Offers have come from Switzerland, ostensibly from Swiss, but in reality from German firms, who in many instances have the goods already on the frontier waiting for delivery into Italy. These firms are willing to give Italian houses three months' credit at one per cent. interest and quote prices for goods delivered in Genoa, whereas American firms quote f.o.b. New York and in dollars instead of in lire.

Hungarians Are Resentful
Vienna.—Budapest is a city of political turmoil, and the streets swarm with aimless, hungry people, according to an Associated Press correspondent who has arrived in Vienna after having made the trip from the Hungarian capital by airplane. The flight was made by the courtesy of L. Brambilla, an Italian aviator.

The Hungarians on all sides feel that a tragedy has fallen over them because of the fact that their frontiers are delimited for the first time in a thousand years. They also express resentment that their homes are occupied by soldiers of a nation for which they have the deepest hatred.

Officers May Visit In England
London.—The Canadian overseas ministry has announced that officers desiring to remain here after service can be dispensed with can remain until October 1, on conditions of pay ceasing from the date they are available for return to Canada. This will only be in cases of real hardship. Officers desiring to remain after October 1 will relinquish commission and forfeit rights.

What you get out of life depends upon what you put in it.

Marketing Crop On The Hoof

Policy of Raising Crops for Livestock Is Being Followed With Much Success

On many of the irrigated farms in Southern Alberta the policy of raising crops for the livestock carried is being followed with much success. The farm of the Canada Lumber and Irrigation Company at Lonsdale, Alberta, is a good example of what can be accomplished along these lines. The whole of the produce of this farm with the exception of sweet corn and part of the potato crop and a surplus of vegetables, is consumed on the place.

About 20 to 30 Berkshire sows, raising from 150 to 200 pigs, and a small flock of pure bred sheep have been kept there. During the summer these have pastured on alfalfa, and the surplus of corn not pastured has been cut for hay to be fed to the sows during the winter. The alfalfa pastured by the stock calls for no expenses for cutting, curing and stacking hay, but results in a very profitable yield in pork and mutton. On irrigated alfalfa pasture one acre will supply fresh growing feed for five head of hogs and their litters, or five head of sheep and their lambs, and still leave a surplus to be cut for hay.

Fresh growing pasture has marked advantages in putting weight on stock. It produces more milk for the young animals and also furnishes a pasture of tender and nourishing feed upon which they will thrive. On November 1st, 1918, the average weight of grade lambs taken from the range herd in the spring and put on irrigated pasture was 137 lbs., whereas at the same date the pick of 100 head of lambs from the range herd run on the prairie averaged 92 lbs. Both were about the same age, and the lambs pastured on the prairie were considered exceptionally good. Lambs from the pure bred flock kept on the farm averaged 150 lbs. at the same date.

In the comparison of pigs grown and fattened for market on irrigated lands, experience indicates that, because of the advantages of increased milk and fresh pasture for the young, the animals will average 20 lbs. heavier at the time of marketing than those raised on grain only.

During the winter the breeding stock are carried over by the surplus of alfalfa taken from the pasture, together with roots and ruffage as turn storage, pea vicia, etc. The stock fed for market are given good alfalfa, peas, grain and roots.

In addition to the above, 300 to 500 head of spring lambs have been fed during the winter for market, and a number of weaning calves, and during some winters beef cattle.

R.N.W.M.P. For East And West

Would Make for Greater Efficiency and Reduce Expenses

Ottawa.—The work of the North West Mounted Police will be made Dominion-wide if a plan now under consideration by the government is given effect to. The proposal, talked of but not yet acted on, is the amalgamation of the R.N.W.M.P. and the Dominion police.

What is considered to be an anomaly is the existing system whereby there are two police forces, with two distinct heads and responsible to two different ministers. The Royal North West force operates in the west and the Dominion police in the east, though the latter's work depends essentially upon the assistance of provincial and municipal forces.

Sir Percy Sherwood, head of the Dominion police, resigned some months ago, and it is not easy to find a suitable successor. The matter, it is thought, would be simplified by the union of the two forces under one man and one department. So much is associated with the name of the R.N.W.M.P. that there might be objections to the change. The force in the east would be essentially different from the west. For one thing it would not need to be nearly so large or to travel mounted. The ministers favorable to the change figure out that not only would greater efficiency result, but that a material saving would be effected.

Bandits Executed
Galveston, Tex.—Seven of the Mexican bandits who robbed sailors from the United States cruiser Chesapeake, off Tampico last month, have been apprehended and put to death by the Carranza authorities, according to an official report from Gen. Pueblo Gonzalez to Mexican Consul Mendez Fierro here, made public. The report states the bandits had property of the sailors in their possession.

No profit is with honor these days unless it is reasonably small.

Wives and Mothers Need Not Have Sore Backaches

Constantly on their feet, attending to the wants of a large and exacting family, women often break down with nervous exhaustion.

In the stores, factories, and on a farm are weak, ailing women, dragged down with torturing backache and beating down pains.

Such suffering isn't natural, but it's dangerous, because due to diseased kidneys.

The dizziness, insomnia and other symptoms of kidney complaint can't cure themselves; they require the assistance of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which go direct to the seat of the trouble.

To give vitality and power to the kidneys, to tend aid to the bladder and liver, to free the blood of poisons, probably there is no remedy so successful as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. For all womanly irregularities their merit is well known.

Because of their mild, soothing and healing effect, Dr. Hamilton's Pills are safe, and are recommended for girls and women of all ages; 25c per box at all druggists, or by mail, a substitute for Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

THE COW PUNCHER

— BY —
ROBERT J. C. STEAD

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(Continued.)

Dave's duties were simple enough. He had to drive a wagon to a coal yard, where a very young young man, with a collar, would express surprise that he had been so long and tell him to back in under chute number so-and-so. It appeared to be always a matter of great distress to this young man that Dave did not know which chute to back under until he was told. Having backed into position, a door was opened. There was a fiction that the coal in the bin should then run into the wagon box, but as Dave at once discovered, this was merely a fiction. Aside from a few accommodating lumps near the door, the coal had to be shoveled.

When the box was judged to be full the wagon was driven on to the scales. If the load were too heavy some of it had to be thrown off, while the young man with the collar passed remarks appropriate to the occasion. If the load were too light less distress was experienced. Then Dave had to drive to an address that was given him, shovel the coal down a chute located in the most inaccessible position the premises afforded, and return to the coal yard, where the young man with the collar would facetiously inquire whether Mrs. Blank had invited him in to afternoon tea, or if he had been waiting for a change in the weather.

Conditions in the boarding-house had the value of distracting Dave's attention from the unpleasantness of his work. Mrs. Metford, handicapped by her numerous offspring, embittered by the regular recurrence of her contributions to the state, and disheartened by drudgery and overwork, had long ago ceased to place any store on personal appearance or even cleanliness. As Dave watched her slovenly shuffle to and from the kitchen, preceded and pursued by young Metfords in all degrees of childish incontinence, his mind flew back to dim recollections of his own mother and the quiet, noiseless order of their home. Even in the latter days, when he and his father had been anything but model housekeepers, they had never known such squalor as this.

Metford's attitude toward his wife fluctuated from coarse humor to brutality, but there was left in the woman no spark of spirit to resist. With neither tongue nor eye did she make any response, and her shuffling back and forth were neither hastened nor delayed by the pleasure of her lord. Her bearing was that of one who has suffered with the same numb, who has drunk the last drops of bitterness, for whom no possible change of condition can be worse. Her indifference was tragic.

The sleeping accommodations had the virtue of simplicity. The Metford tribe was housed in a lean-to which supported one wall of the kitchen, and the eight boarders slept upstairs over the main part of the house. The room was not large, but it had four corners, and in each corner stood a cheap iron bed with baggy springs and musty mattress. The ceiling, none too high at any part, sloped at the walls almost to the edges of the beds. One table and wash basin had to serve for the eight lodgers; those who were impatient

for their turn might omit their ablutions altogether, and perform them in the horse-trough at the barn.

All Metford's employees, with the exception of Dave, were foreigners, more or less incontinent with the English language. Somewhat to his surprise, they maintained an attitude of superiority toward him, carrying on their conversations in a strange tongue, and allowing him little part in their common life. Dave's spirit, which had always been accustomed to receive and be received on a basis of absolute equality, rebelled violently against the intangible wall of exclusion which his fellow workers built about themselves, and as they had shown no desire for his company he retaliated by showing still less for theirs, with the result that he found himself very much alone and apart from the life of his new surroundings.

His work and supper were over by seven o'clock each evening, and now was the opportunity for him to begin the schooling for which he had left the ranch. But he developed a sudden disinclination to make the start; he was tired in the evening, and he found it much more to his liking to stroll down town, smoke cigarettes on the street corners, or engage in an occasional game of pool. In this way the weeks went by, and when his month with Metford was up he had neglected to find an other position, so he continued where he was. He was being gradually and unconsciously submerged in an inertia which, however much it might hate its present surroundings, had not the spirit to seek a more favorable environment.

So the fall and winter drifted along; Dave had made few acquaintances and no friends, if we except Conward, whom he frequently met in the pool rooms, and for whom he had developed a sort of attachment. His first underlying sense of distrust had been lulled by closer acquaintance; Conward's mild manner and quiet, seductive voice invited friendship, and it became a customary thing for the two to play for small stakes, which Dave won as often as he lost.

One Saturday evening as Dave was on the way to their accustomed resort he fell in with Conward on the street. "Hello, old man," said Conward, cheerily. "I was just looking for you. Got two tickets for the show tonight. Some swell dames in the chorus. Come along. There'll be dings!"

There were two theatres in the town, one of which played to the better class residents. "In anything of a risqué nature had to be presented with certain trimmings which allowed it to be classified as 'art,' but the other house was such restrictions existed. It was to the latter that Conward led. Dave had been there before, in the cheap upper gallery, but Conward's tickets admitted to the best seats in the house. Dave had adopted town ways to the point where he changed his clothes and put on a white collar Saturday evening.

And he found himself amid the gay rustle and perfume of the orchestra floor with a very pleasant sense of being somebody among other somebody. The orchestra played a swinging air, to which his foot kept tap, and presently the curtain went up and the show was on with a rush of girls and color.

It was an entirely new experience. From the upper gallery the actors and actresses always seemed more or less impersonal and abstract, but here they were living, palpating human beings, almost within hand reach, certainly within eye reach, as Dave presently discovered. There was a trooping of girls about the stage, with singing and rippling laughter and sweet, clear voices that a sudden change of formation flung a line of girls right across the hind footlights, where they tripped merrily through motions of mingled grace and acrobatics. Dave found himself regarding the young woman immediately before him; all in white she was, with some scintillating material that sparkled in the glare of the spotlight; then suddenly she was in orange, and pink, and purple, and mauve, and back again in white. And although she performed the various steps with smiling abandon, there was in her dress and manner a modesty which fascinated the boy with a subtlety which a more reckless appearance would have at once defeated.

And then Dave looked in her face. It was a pretty face, notwithstanding its grease-paint, and it smiled right into his eyes. His heart thumped between his shoulders as though it would drive all the air from his lungs. She smiled at him—for him! Now they were away again; there were gyrations about the stage, he almost lost her in the maze; a young man in fine clothes, rushed in, and was apparently being mobbed by the girls, and said some lines in a rapid voice which Dave's ear had not been trained to catch; and then he danced

about with one of them—with the very one—with his one! How nimble she was! He wondered if she knew the young man very well. They seemed very friendly. But he supposed she had to do that anyway; it was part of her job; it was all in the play. Certainly the young man was very clever, but he didn't like her looks. Certainly she could dance very well. "I could make him dance different to the tune of a six-shooter," Dave said to himself, and then flushed a little. That was silly. The young man was paid to do this, too. Still it looked like a very good job. It looked like a very much better job than shovelling coal for Metford.

Then there was a sudden breakaway in the dance, and the girl disappeared behind a forest, and the mobbing of the young man recommenced. Dave supposed she had gone to rest; dancing like that must be hard on the wind. He found little to interest him now in what was going on on the stage. It seemed rather foolish. They were just capering around and being foolish. They were a lot of second-raters. And the young man—it was plain he didn't care a whit for them; he was just doing it because he had to. There was a vacant seat in front. He wished the girl behind the forest would come down and rest there. Then she could see the show herself. Then she could see—

But there was a whirl from the forest, and the girl re-appeared, this time all in red, but not nearly so much in red as she had previously been in white. My, what a quick change she had made! And how her skirt stood out like a rim when she whirled herself! And the young man left all the rest and went to dance with her again. Dave was not altogether pleased with that turn of events. But presently the dance broke up, and they were flung again in line across the stage. And there she was, all in red—no, not all in color—right before him. And then she looked down and smiled again at him. And he smiled back. And then he looked at Conward and saw him smiling, too. And then he felt a very distressing uncertainty, which brought the color slowly to his face. He resolved to say nothing, but watch. And his observations convinced him that the smiles had been for Conward, not for him. And then he lost interest in the play.

(To Be Continued.)

Woman's Future In Industrialism

Advocates Equal Rate of Pay for Both Sexes

London.—Speaking at Whitefield's Tabernacle on "The Future of Women in Industry," Miss Maude Royden said that while one of the sore points of the future might be the cheap labor of other races, one of the sorest points at present was the cheap labor of women. Dealing with the Restoration of Pre-War Practices Bill, she said that it would mean that 792,000 women would be turned out of their work, chiefly in the engineering trade. Of these, 450,000 had taken the places of men, who the rest had come in through the expansion of industry, and especially of the aircraft industry, which had been largely created by the work of women. If these women were forbidden to work it would be because men feared their competition.

An equal rate of pay for both sexes, Miss Royden maintained, should be enforced by legislation to remove the feeling of injustice that would be created if women were debarred from work they could do. It would be said that that would not only drive women out effectively, but would also be unjust to the man, who was usually married, while the woman was single. As to the first objection, she believed in the sorting of men and women into the work for which they were best suited. She urged that the married woman should have a position of equal dignity and independence with the man in the labor market.

For Better Roads

Saskatchewan Government Has Entered into 500 Contracts With Rural Municipalities

Within the last three months the highways department of the government of Saskatchewan has organized and put in hand road and bridge construction totalling in value the sum of \$662,000. The government has entered into 500 contracts with rural municipalities, valued at \$200,000, for the construction of new roads and for the improvement of existing highways, which form a part of the approved highways system being adopted by the provincial government in co-operation with the council of the municipalities. This system is the result of the efforts on the part of the government and the municipal councils to improve the main roads in each municipality each year for the last six years. Last year it was recognized that the time was ripe to finally select and approve of such roads as would form a main highway system connecting the market centres. All the contract work this year is being done on that basis.

Jellicoe In New Zealand

London.—In the course of an address given at a ministerial luncheon in his honor at Wellington, New Zealand, Admiral Sir John Jellicoe said that in the early stages of the war the British Admiralty was deficient in many naval accessories, such as docks and destroyers. The lesson to be learned, he said, was to be prepared, and he therefore hoped that schemes would be evolved whereby the Dominions would not be dependent entirely for their security on the British Navy.

Investigate Racing Situation
Ottawa.—The appointment of Dr. Rutherford to investigate the racing situation is favorably regarded by the racing interests, who look to him for what they regard as a square deal. The commissioner's report will be the basis of permanent legislation in the next session of parliament, and the enquiry implements a promise made by Sir Thomas White last session. It is predicted that racing will come back, but with limitation of tracks and a divvying up of receipts with the government.

Mutual.
"Oh, George," murmured the sweet thing, reproachfully, "what would papa say if he knew that you were 'conched'?"
"He has discovered it already, dearest," admitted her fiance sadly. "Mercy! What did he say?"
"He said, 'Well, George, I don't mind if I do!'"

Estimates N.D. Crop
Fargo, N.D.—Dr. B. F. Trowbridge, of the North Dakota Experiment Station, has stated that the state's wheat crop this fall will total 50,000,000 bushels.

German Sugar Production
Berlin, Germany.—The German sugar production for 1919 shows a decrease of nearly 2,000,000 double centners, as compared with 1918.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR SEPTEMBER 7

PARABLES OF THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN

I. The Parable of the Mustard Seed (v. 31, 32).

Three things mainly occupy our attention in this parable:

1. Its unimportant beginning. It begins as the least of all seeds and grows to be the greatest among herbs. The king was of ordinary parentage and humble circumstances. He selected unlettered fishermen as his royal advisers. The prophet had said concerning him that he would be "despised," "rejected," "forsaken," "cut off" and as "having nothing."

2. Its vigorous growth. From these small beginnings Christ's influence has gone forth so that there is no power or influence equal in greatness to that of Christendom.

3. Its lodging capacity. The birds which find lodgment in the tree do not represent the children of men who find safety and salvation in the church. The birds constitute no part of the tree, while the believer becomes a part of the tree, adding to its strength and fruitfulness. The birds are something foreign to the tree, and are burdensome and injurious to it. They come to find shelter and wait to pluck off the tender buds, or to prey upon the ripened fruit. The effect of their lodging in the tree is evil and blighting. In Christ's interpretation (v. 19) he said that the fowls represent the wicked ones. He who would make the lodgers here anything else makes Christ's interpretation a farce. The same Greek word is used in both cases, and the circumstances are the same.

II. The Parable of the Leavened Meal (v. 23).

Three things mainly occupy our attention here: the meal, the woman, and the leaven.

1. The meal. Meal has a wholesome and nutritious effect. It was used in one of the sweet-savour offerings which was typical of Christ (Lev. 2:1-3 R.V.); it was food for the priests (Lev. 6:15-17 R.V.); Abraham had Sarah to knead a cake out of three measures of meal for the angelic messengers of the Lord (Gen. 18:6); Solomon's royal table was provided with meal (I Kings 4:22); Elijah was fed upon a cake made of meal (II Kings 4:41); Elisha used meal as an antidote for the poison of death from the pot (II Kings 4:38-41).

2. The woman. In scripture we find false doctrine being taught by women (Rev. 2:20). Dealing with doctrine is forbidden to women (I Tim. 2:12). In I Tim. 4:13, I Tim. 2:17, 18; II Pet. 2:1-3, we find that the apostasy will be brought in through false teaching within the ranks of God's people. The meaning, then, of the parable is that the true doctrine, the meal given for the nourishment of the children of the kingdom (II Peter 2:1, I Tim. 4:6), will be officially corrupted by false doctrine. Women is a type of the church in some sense. The church is hiding away false doctrine, and its corrupting effects are seen on every hand.

3. The leaven. In scripture leaven is invariably a type of evil. (1) All through the Old Testament leaven is a continual and unvarying type of evil (Ex. 12:15; Lev. 2:11). It is in Lev. 2:15, 16; I Cor. 5:6-8, that we find the apostasy will be brought in through false teaching within the ranks of God's people. The meaning, then, of the parable is that the true doctrine, the meal given for the nourishment of the children of the kingdom (II Peter 2:1, I Tim. 4:6), will be officially corrupted by false doctrine. Women is a type of the church in some sense. The church is hiding away false doctrine, and its corrupting effects are seen on every hand.

IV. The Parable of the Merchant Men Seeking Pearls (v. 45, 46).

V. The Parable of the Drag Net (v. 47-50).

(For a detailed study of the last three parables see the Review for September 28.)

Actors' Strike in New York
New York.—Two more theatres, the Casino and Liberty, were forced to close last night by a walk-out of stage hands and musicians, in sympathy with the striking Actors' Equity Association. This brings the total of New York's playhouses closed by the strike to 23, and leaves vaudeville houses almost supreme on Broadway. But three legitimate houses remain open, and two of these are not affiliated with the Producing Managers' Protective Association.

Germans Still in Courland
Stockholm.—The German troops in Courland have not evacuated that country, according to reports from Helsingfors. On the contrary, they are preparing an offensive from there against the Bolsheviks, and are bringing considerable bodies of Russian prisoners from Germany in order that they should participate in the proposed attack.

The average woman would worry a lot more than she does if she listened to everything she says.

Market For Horses Wanted

New Dominion Minister of Agriculture Outlines Some of His Ideas

Calgary.—Dr. F. S. Tolmie, new Dominion minister of agriculture, Hon. A. J. McGeer, minister of the interior; Hon. J. A. Calder, minister of immigration and colonization, were the chief speakers at a noonday luncheon of the Calgary board of trade. Hon. Charles Stewart, premier of Alberta, was present also.

One of the chief points pressed by Dr. Tolmie in his address was that more attention should be given to mixed farming and the cattle industry. He emphasized the necessity of paying more attention to the British market and also across the Pacific. He dwelt at some length on the subject of improving breeds of cattle, and announced that the federal department of agriculture was preparing to give prizes for steepest fat stock shows.

Dr. Tolmie also related how the market for high-bred dairy cattle, especially Holsteins from Canada, was becoming constantly wider across the line.

The speaker referred to the importance of finding a market for light horses in Poland. There was a market in Poland, where the horses and cattle had been stolen by the Germans, but the instability of the government there made it impossible to extend credit. The Americans had shipped 200,000 head, and there was need of another 100,000. There also was a need of such horses in Siberia.

He extended his sympathy and promised all the assistance in his power to the farmers in the drought-stricken area of the west.

Hon. J. A. Calder recalled that he had been a resident of Alberta in 1894, 1895 and 1896, and prophesied a great future for that section of the Dominion, in spite of the drought.

He said the ministers had come out to personally investigate the alarming reports of the drought. He had been travelling in the Saskatchewan drought areas and found the situation not so bad as reported, nevertheless, it must be met. Difficulties, in the past had been overcome through the western spirit. We must endeavor, he said, to avoid a repetition of the situation. He thought something could be done. There were extensive areas in Southern Alberta and Saskatchewan that could be irrigated. Wherever that was feasible, it must be done.

Referring to the big war debt of \$1,500,000, he said that governments had got into the habit of spending during the war regardless of cost. This had got down to the individual citizen, but if we were to get over the hill we must get rid of these extravagant ideas of our heads. It was only by work and saving that we could win out. In his visit west, if there was one thing that had struck him, it was the extravagant expenditure on every hand in the cities. A knife must be put in to the hilt on all unnecessary expenditures, by the government and by individuals.

The railway policy of the country for the last ten years had also loaded the country staggeringly. There was only one way to solve these questions and that was to bring in as many people of the right class as possible to bring in.

Cyprus

Apparently at Last to Find Permanent of Ownership

The island of Cyprus, the third largest body of land in the Mediterranean Sea, after having been passed around among the nations from the earliest historical times to the present, is apparently at last to find what ought to be a permanency of ownership. A dispatch from London says that the British parliament is seriously considering the cession of the island to Greece and that a delegation from Athens is in England for the purpose of completing the negotiations. Cyprus has belonged to Persia and Egypt. It was annexed by Alexander the Great to Greece; it has been subject to the rule of the Roman, Byzantine, Turkish and British empires.

Germans Still in Courland
Stockholm.—The German troops in Courland have not evacuated that country, according to reports from Helsingfors. On the contrary, they are preparing an offensive from there against the Bolsheviks, and are bringing considerable bodies of Russian prisoners from Germany in order that they should participate in the proposed attack.

The average woman would worry a lot more than she does if she listened to everything she says.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Keep the stomach well, the liver active, the bowels regular, and the breath will be sweet and healthy. But let poisons accumulate in the digestive organs, the system becomes clogged, gases form in the stomach and affect the breath.

Correct

these conditions with Beecham's Pills. They promptly regulate the bodily functions and are a quick remedy for sour stomach and

Bad Breath

Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Von Bulow On The War

Tells What He Knows About Who Started The Trouble

Berlin.—Prince Bernhard von Bulow, former German chancellor, has, in a rather belated manner entered the list of those making reservations concerning the outbreak of war by writing a letter to the *Fremdenblatt* of Hamburg, regarding the statement made by Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, chancellor in 1914, that the declaration of war was inevitable. Prince von Bulow sketches his long years as chancellor, tells how he was unable to avoid war and admits that peace was desired by Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg, who, he says, however, "lacked political art."

"During the grave weeks before the war," writes Prince von Bulow, "serious diplomatic and political mistakes were made by Germany's political leaders which were unjustly ascribed to the people's responsibility."

War Ribbon By The Mile
London.—Two hundred and fifty miles of British war medal ribbon are to be issued to the men and women entitled to these decorations through recent edicts of the King.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Bolshevik Troops Murder Persians
London.—Details have reached here of the murder by Bolsheviks of Ibadullabeg, the Persian consul general at Armavir, Armenia, together with 310 Persian subjects, of whom 270 were Mohammedans and forty Christians.

When the volunteer army evacuated Armavir, July 27, according to the reports, the Bolsheviks called Ibadullabeg out, shot him down and mutilated his body with swords and bayonets. The Bolshevik then herded together all the Persians who had taken shelter under his protection, the Persian flag, and shot them en masse "with machine-guns and buried them, partly in the consular graveyard and partly in a common pit."

Snow in New York State
Hornell, N.Y.—Although the sun was shining brightly, Hornell was treated to the old sight of a snow-storm in August the other day. Light snow fell for five minutes, melting as rapidly as it struck the ground. It is the earliest snowfall ever recorded in this section.

Tough Luck
Clark: We can't pay you the \$25 on this money order until you are identified.
Man: That's tough! There's only one man in town who can identify me and I owe him \$20.

One of the ever present difficulties of a married man is to account for his absence from home.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
GRAVEL
23 THE PROGRESSIVE

Monument In A School Yard

A Figure of Young Infantryman Done in Fine Granite

Looking out over grain fields and meadow in one of the best agricultural districts of Huron County, Ontario, is a figure of a young infantryman, done in fine granite. The figure surmounts a base, also of stone, and altogether it is a highly creditable art work. Inscribed on the base of the monument are the names of the young farmers of the district, who gave their lives in the nation's defense in the great war, and also those who enlisted, and those who were wounded. What makes the monument the more striking is the fact that it stands in the corner of a school yard. The three young men whose lives were sacrificed in the war were once scholars in the little white brick schoolhouse. They were the sons of farmers in the neighborhood. They played and studied and worked by turns. Their schoolmates, many of them, are still there. The house from which they went, and in which there is a vacant chair, are representative homes.—London Free Press.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Ukrains to Protect Jews

London.—The Ukrainian authorities declare that the Ukrainian national government has taken measures to prevent all attempts at persecution of Jews in territory occupied by its troops, according to advices received here.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORN LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

Do you simply say the drug store man, "Give me a quarter of an ounce of freecorn." This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn from your foot.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, itching corn, almost instantly relieve the soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, dries up and can be lifted out with the fingers.

This new way to rid your feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that, while freecorn is sticky, it dries in moment, and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

It's not the fat decay of infection or lockjaw from whitening at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

Money is called the circulating medium because it is difficult to circulate without it.

Worms, by the irritation that they cause in the stomach and intestines, deprive infants of the nourishment that they should derive from food, and mal-nutrition is the result. Miller's Peppermint Powder destroys worms and corrects the morbid conditions in the stomach and bowels, and is favorable to worms, so that the full nutrition of the child is assured and development in every way encouraged.

Provinces Get Share

Money Voted for Highway Construction to Be Divided

Ottawa.—A conference on the question of highway development was opened here in the office of J. A. Campbell, head of the highway branch of the department of railways.

The problem under discussion relates to the spending of the \$20,000,000 voted for highway construction by the Dominion parliament last session. Under the provisions of the legislation adopted \$80,000 is to be paid to each of the provinces in a lump sum, and the subsequent assistance will be on the basis of population.

Representatives of provincial highway departments present at the conference included A. McGillivray of Manitoba; Mr. McLean, of the Ontario Highway Department; and Mr. Carpenter, of the Saskatchewan Highway Department.

Humor of the Country
As the last train was about to go out, an old farmer rushed into an already overcrowded compartment. It so happened that an occupant—a distinguished young man—was one of his customers. By the way of pleasantness, the duke inquired what he had got in a small box under his arm.
"Oh," said the farmer, "a box of chalk!"
"I see," the young man replied, with an air of wisdom on his countenance, and, looking round at his fellow passengers—"Chalk for the man, eh?"
Not exactly," drawled the old chap, slowly; "but I've done so much chalking up for milk at your house that I've had to buy another box!"

France's Forests To Be Restored Quickly

Wherever There Was a Forest Before The War There Is to Be a New Forest

Now France is confronted with the problem of restoration. And she is going about the work in the characteristic systematic French manner. When it was a question of a war to be won the French gave their lives and fortunes without question and without repining. Now that the war has been won they are displaying the same spirit in the work of repairing war's ravages. Wherever there was a forest before the war there is to be a new forest. The French may be mercenary and effervescent, but when it comes to a matter of the motherland's welfare there is no more practical people on the surface of the earth. From French frugality and from French foresight America may well learn a lesson. Not only to repair the damages of war, but also to compensate for the inroads of American industry, America should have an eye to the future. Where forests have disappeared new forests should be planted and reared under the eye of the government. Conservation is coming to be an accepted gospel, but at present restoration may be even more important than conservation.—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

Newscod: Did you run short of flour, Helen? The pie crust doesn't seem to be coming out right.
Mrs. Newscod: I know, dear; your mother told me that you like your pie very short.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The increased consumption of tobacco due to the smoking of women has forced the largest tobacco concern in Great Britain to increase its capital for the purpose of expanding its business.

There is no poisonous ingredient in Holloway's Corn Cure, and it can be used without danger of injury.

Alberta Mines

About Normal

Thirty-one of the Leading Mines Are in Operation

Ottawa.—The number of mines in Alberta, 18, embracing the districts in the vicinity of Fernie, B.C., and Edmonton, Alta., which have resumed work, is gradually increasing. The latest report received by the Minister of Labor is to the effect that 31 of the leading mines, representing 60 per cent. of the total output, are in operation.

At the same time officials of the United Mine Workers' Association are experiencing considerable opposition from advocates of the One Big Union idea. According to reports, however, the opposition seems to be decreasing.

Hon. G. D. Robertson has just returned from a personal investigation of the difficulties.

Genuine Aspirin

Has "Bayer Cross"

Tablets Without "Bayer Cross" Not Aspirin At All

Get Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer Package," Plainly Marked With the "Bayer Cross"



There is not a penny of German money invested in "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," nor will a German citizen profit by its sale or ever be allowed to acquire interest.

The original, world-famous Aspirin, marked with the "Bayer Cross," is now made in Canada and can be had at your drugist's in handy tin boxes of 12 tablets and larger "Bayer" packages.

Genuine Aspirin has been proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Grippe, Neuritis. Aspirin is the trade mark, registered in Canada, of Bayer Manufacturing of Monocelchloester of Salicylic Acid.

Japanese Want to Rule Manchuria

Tokio.—It is reported that at a recent meeting the imperial cabinet, upholding the opinion advanced by the military element in the government decided to insist upon the exclusion of Manchuria and Mongolia from the consortium by which Great Britain, France, the United States and Japan will assume a dominant position in the finances of China. It is said that negotiations will be resumed with the powers on that basis.

Plow Works at Regina Incorporated
Ottawa.—The Canadian Oliver Chilled Plow Works, Ltd., of Regina, Sask., has been incorporated with a capital of \$20,000.

VERY SIMPLE CURE FOR BAD COLDS

Let your cold gain headway and you can't keep it from running into Catarrh.

Catarrh never stays in the same place—it travels down into the lungs, then it's too late!
Drive colds and catarrh right out of your system while you have the chance.

Catarrhazone

A Convenient Inhaler Treatment is the Proper Remedy to Cure

Hawking and spitting cease, because the discharge is cured. The nostrils are cleared, headache is relieved, breath is purified. Every trace of catarrh, bronchial and throat weakness is permanently cured.
Shin medicines that contain harmful drugs—a safe remedy that is prescribed by doctors, that is used in hospitals, that is endorsed by thousands of Catarrhazone cures. For winter ill's there's nothing half so good.

Two months' treatment, large size, price \$1, and guaranteed. Small size, 50c, trial size 25c, at dealers everywhere.

Airman Decorated

Major G. H. Scott, Commander of R-34, Given Commandership of O.B.E.

London.—The decorations awarded in connection with the trans-Atlantic flight of the airship R-34 have been gazetted. Major G. H. Scott, commander of the dirigible, is given a commandership in the military division of the Order of the British Empire. Brigadier-General E. M. Maitland, who represented the British Air Ministry in the flight; Capt. G. H. Cook, the navigating officer; Lieut. Guy Harris, the meteorologist; and Lieut. John D. Shotton, engineer officer of the R-34, are awarded the Air Force Cross, and six sergeants who were aboard the airship are given Air Force medals.

Canadian Wounded Station Closed

Portland, Maine.—The transportation of wounded Canadian soldiers from Liverpool through this port to the various military districts in Canada has been completed, according to an announcement by Major Howard Jeffs, the medical officer in charge of the Canadian hospital clearing depot. Major Jeffs said the transport Esquibo had been removed from the hospital service and that the Araguay would make one trip to Halifax with 200 wounded men.

Did your wife vote?
"Yes."
"Get along all right?"
"Yes; but it took her a long while to get her ballot folded like a paper napkin."—Detroit Free Press.

Everything he wants will come to the man who waits until he doesn't want anything.

St. Sidore, P. Q., Aug. 18, 1894. Minard's Liniment, Ltd., London, Gentlemen.—I have frequently used MINARD'S LINIMENT, and also prescribe it for my patients, always with the most gratifying results, and I consider it the best all-round Liniment extant.
Yours truly,
DR. JOS. AUG. SIROIS.

Belgians Take Malmady

Paris.—Belgian authorities have taken official possession of the district of Malmady, which was ceded to Belgium by Germany under article 34 of the peace treaty.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Telephone Construction in Sask.

School and telephone construction in Saskatchewan contemplated at a rapid pace, according to the announced authorizations by the local government board. During the week ending July 26, the board issued permits for telephone construction, including new companies and extension to existing lines, to the amount of \$357,163. This includes 27 new companies. Bonds are also being sold for eight new companies to the amount of \$92,350. During the same period the board authorized the issue of school debentures for seven districts to the amount of \$39,300.

Your Eyes

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Healing Eye Lotion for Redness, Swelling, Stinging, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids. It is the only safe and effective remedy for all eye troubles. It is sold by all druggists. Ask your druggist for Maris Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

W. N. U. 1279

Alleged Betrayer Of Edith Cavell

Georges Gaston Quien Will Appear Before Six Court-Martial of Paris

Paris.—Georges Gaston Quien, charged with having intercourse with the enemy, and alleged betrayer of Edith Cavell, will appear before the six court-martial of Paris. The prosecution claims that it will prove that after obtaining funds and help from the English nurse, Quien went to Holland and returned to Brussels as a German agent and betrayed her to the Germans.

The defence will ask for an indefinite postponement until such time "as the Kaiser and other parties primarily responsible for the death of Miss Cavell are brought before an international tribunal."

Next Russian Stand

Vladivostok.—Siberian forces retreating on the east Russian front have planned to make a stand on the Ishim river, which crosses the trans-Siberian railroad about 175 miles west of Omsk. Reports hitherto have stated that the Siberian retreat would stop at the town of Tobolsk, about 90 miles further west.

Did you ever notice that the man who whines and the man who wins are not the same?

SUMMER COMPLAINTS KILL LITTLE ONES

At the first sign of illness during hot weather, give the little ones Baby's Own Tablets or, in a few hours he may be beyond aid. These Tablets will prevent summer complaints if given occasionally to the well child, and will promptly relieve these troubles if they come on suddenly. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in every home where there are young children. There is no other medicine as good and the mother stop the guarantee of a government analyst that they are absolutely safe. The Tablets are sold by all druggists and sent by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Thrilling Experience Of Police Inspector

Walked and Swam Eight Miles in Arctic Waters to Land
Regina.—Inspector Phillips, of the R.N.W.M.P., Herschel Island detachment, arrived in the city recently after an absence of two years, and has left on leave for a short holiday at his home in Belleville, Ontario. The inspector is one of three men who went through an experience last summer from which, state police authorities, only one man comes out alive in a thousand. This was when the boat he was piloting was wrecked in the ice floes off Herschel Island. On this particular occasion Inspector Phillips, accompanied by Sergeant Doak and Constable Cornelius, were returning from a patrol. The sea became rough and the ice floes pounded their boat, sending it to the bottom. The three officers jumped to the ice and then began an eight mile trip, during which they suffered untold hardships, finally reaching the depot in an exhausted condition and two weeks before life and death. Their rugged constitutions stood them well and all three recovered. During their journey of eight miles over the ice they had to swim 24 open leads in the ice, and that with their clothes on in icy cold water. The first report of this experience was made to Commissioner Perry, C.M.G., by Inspector Phillips, who stated that Sergeant Doak and Constable Cornelius were none the worse for their swim in the Arctic sea.

Agreements Reached With The U.S.A.

Britain's Bill for Carrying Troops to Be Paid

Washington.—For each man transported in British ships the United States government will pay Great Britain \$81.75, under an agreement reached between Brigadier-General Hines, director of transportation in the War Department, and Lord Reading, representing the British government.

Secretary Baker, it was learned, has approved the agreement, which fixes a price a little more than half that tentatively put forward by the British at the beginning of the negotiations. The total cost of the British tonnage used in transportation of troops is estimated at \$83,757,250, the number of men carried having been 1,207,200. Similar negotiations are in progress with the French and other governments.

Prudent Girl

Jack: "Did you tell her that what you said was in strict confidence?"
Ethel: "No; I didn't want her to think it was important enough to repeat."

CHILDREN NEED HELP

Spanking does "cure" bad wetting—the trouble is due to weakness of the internal organs. My successful home treatment will be found helpful! Send no money but write me today for free trial treatment. My treatment is equally successful for adults, troubled with urinary difficulties.

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 966 Windsor, Ont.

Britain Will Establish Fair Prices

Practical Plan to Defeat Speculating Exporters in Necessities

London.—The board of trade, in explaining the profiteering law, indicates that there will be a central investigation by a central committee into the cost and profits of production and distribution of goods, also a local investigation by a committee subject to appeal to a tribunal into complaints of the general public concerning prices charged and profits made in the railway distribution of goods.

Local authorities have the option of establishing a local committee. All committees and tribunals established under the act will advise not to take action which will hamper or restrict legitimate commercial enterprise.

"Cold In The Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, cleanse the blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts directly on the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Civilians Will Leave North Russia

London.—Several vessels have been assigned by the Ministry of Shipping to the task of removing from northern Russia all civilians who wish to leave before British troops are withdrawn from that region. Several thousand children and aged and infirm persons will be taken first to points on the Murmansk coast, and later will be transported to southern Russia.

The Bowels Must Act Healthily.—In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are acting healthily. For this purpose, FARMER'S VEGETABLE PILLS are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solely, and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other medicine so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

A wife's yearning capacity is usually a hindrance of her husband's earning capacity.

Smugglers Arrived in Switzerland

Berlin.—A news agency report suggests that the authorities have been utterly victimized in connection with the reported attempt to smuggle 20,000,000 marks across the German-Swiss frontier. The news agency asserts that both the smugglers and the detectives who followed them in airplanes have arrived in Switzerland with the booty.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Piles, Hemorrhoids, Bleeding, or Protrusion. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certain cure. Write for full particulars to Dr. Chase, 1411 Belden, or Edman, Boston & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample only, 50¢ each, or post paid on receipt of price. Send no money. Stamp to post postage.

MONEY ORDERS

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

LADIES WANTED TO DO plain light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charge prepaid. Send no money. Write for particulars to NATIONAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Montreal.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable, refreshing medicine, sold in three doses of strength. Price, 1-411 Belden, or Edman, Boston & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample only, 50¢ each, or post paid on receipt of price. Send no money. Stamp to post postage.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, M. H. C. N. S.

THERAPION
The best French Remedy for all diseases of the skin. It is a powerful, refreshing, and healing medicine. It is sold by all druggists. Ask your druggist for M. H. C. N. S. THERAPION.

DO YOU WANT TO KNOW

the best French Remedy for all diseases of the skin. It is a powerful, refreshing, and healing medicine. It is sold by all druggists. Ask your druggist for M. H. C. N. S. THERAPION.

SPECIALS!

In order to make room for our Fall Stock we are going to sell
LADIES' WHITE CANVAS SHOES
LADIES' WHITE CANVAS PUMPS
CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS PUMPS
at a discount of 15 per cent.

Please note that we have a good stock of White Hosiery and White Shoe Dressing.

The rainy season is just commencing. We are overstocked and offer these coats at a special discount of 15%.

These are for Ladies' and Men and are first-class goods, but we need the room and the money.

Fall Goods will soon be arriving. Cold Weather will soon be here, and we are preparing for it.

We will be glad to show you these specialties

J. R. MILLER

Threshers' Supplies

BELTING

We Stock

LACE LEATHER

PIPE FITTINGS

OILS AND GREASES

OIL AND GREASE CUPS

We have Graphite Hard Oil that we are selling at 15c per lb

HOW ABOUT YOUR AUTO ACCESSORIES?

We can supply you with Tires and Tubes, Patches, Headlight Bulbs, etc.

Genuine Ford Parts

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Car 4-point Barbed Wire

Our large-sized

WILLOW POSTS

and a car of

TAMARAC POSTS

just arrived

Call in and see what you need while they last

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager
 Chinook, Alberta

Under New Management

CHINOOK BILLIARD HALL

A full line of

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Tobaccos
 and Pipes

Come and enjoy a few hours with us

W. L. CHAPMAN, Prop.

M.D. OF COLLOIDAL
 No. 243

SEED RYE

In accordance with the recent amendments to the Municipal Districts Act, the M. D. of Colloidal is prepared to advance to each ratepayer entitled to same, 25 bushels of Seed Rye. An order for same may be obtained from the Secretary upon signing the necessary note and liens.

LORNE PROUDFOOT, Sec.

APPLICATION for Lease of Road Allowance or Surveyed Highway Notice is hereby given that Harold B. Allen, of Heathdale, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz. lying north of section 23, township 26, range 6, west of 4th meridian.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within 30 days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Heathdale, July 31, 1919

HAROLD B. ALLEN,
 Applicant

Chinook Breezes

Mildred Hamon, of Calgary was home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor arrived in Chinook this week, where they will reside. Mrs. Taylor is a sister of Mr. J. R. Miller.

Do not forget the Chinook school fair on September 12th, program of which appears in another column.

The Economy Implement Shed costs less and will house more machinery than any other. See it at the Empire Lumber Yard.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Crockett and family returned home on Sunday from a very pleasant auto trip to Calgary, via Bassano, and returning home by way of Red Deer.

You have decided it does not pay to allow your implements to deteriorate from exposure. Then see the Economy Implement Shed at the Empire Lumber Yard.

The Chinook C.S. opened again on Tuesday, after the summer vacation, with a larger attendance. The teaching staff comprises: J. W. Yake, B.A., principal, in charge of grades 9, 10, 11 and 12; N. F. Marcy, in charge of the public school work, with grades 6, 7 and 8; Miss Florence Rogers, in charge of grades 3, 4 and 5; and Miss Mary E. Rogers, in charge of the primary department.

To save extra labor in placing away your implements has been one of the main objects in planning the Economy Shed and we do it. See how at the Empire Lumber Yard.

Local farmers spent Labor Day Monday around the various sloughs and along creeks throughout the country, gathering a harvest of ducks, the season for which opened on that day. Many are the stories being told around town this week of the big bags secured.

The Misses Cecilia and Annie Peyton attended the stampede at Calgary last week.

Rideout—At Chinook, on Sunday, August 31st, to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout, a son.

Mrs. C. W. Bunnett and family left on Monday morning for Calgary, where they will spend the winter.

Miss Bessie Mitchell has been appointed teacher of the new Dobson Siding school, commencing her duties on Tuesday last.

Messrs. Everette and Elden Trogen left on Tuesday morning for the Coast, where they will spend the winter with their parents.

Mr. R. Peyton, who has been suffering from asthma, returned from Holy Cross hospital the first of last week and is now very much improved.

Last week, Mr. Jas. Rennie was down to see his farm at Three Hills. He was agreeably surprised to know that he would have a yield of about thirty bushels to the acre.

Mr. E. Shabino, who has been under the doctor's care, more or less, for some months, left on Sunday morning for Calgary to consult a specialist. Mr. Shabino has never fully recovered from a very severe attack of the flu, contracted last fall.

WINNINGTON BOY IS KILLED BY LIGHTNING

While on his way to the coal mines recently, Garnet Simmonds, the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Simmonds, of Winnington, was struck by lightning and killed.

TELEPHONE LINE FROM CASTOR TO GARDEN PLAIN UNDER CONSTRUCTION

The telephone line from Castor to Garden Plain, a distance of 25 miles will soon be a reality. This week Jas. Lane has been busy hauling out poles for the construction of the line, and contractor Manton who has charge of the construction is now at work.

A VERY SAD DEATH

From the Blairmore Enterprise

"E. C. and Bessie Macdonald, husband and wife, of Bellevue, Alberta, started out last week on a pleasure trip by auto to Seattle."

"The couple were going west on Saturday evening, Mr. Macdonald driving, when they met a car on the high fill just south of the Mecklenberg place and west of Rocklyn. In passing the car Mr. Macdonald in some way got too near the edge of the road and the ruts and loose gravel caused his car to skid, and before he could right it they went over the embankment, the car turning over several times. Mrs. Macdonald was known to be seriously injured and a trained nurse in another touring party immediately following the Macdonalds gave first aid, remaining until the ambulance from Davenport arrived to bring the couple home. They were taken to the home of Mrs. Baxter, where everything possible was done, but the lady died the following evening from internal injuries. The body was removed to Lyse's undertaking parlors and taken to Spokane by Mr. Lyse on Tuesday evening, there to take the train home."

The deceased was a sister of Mrs. S. H. Smith, of Chinook. Mrs. Smith was present at the funeral of the deceased, which took place at her late home.

NOTICE

In the matter of the Estate of Charles William Ailsworth, late of Chinook, Alberta, farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Charles William Ailsworth, who died June 3rd, 1919, are requested to file with the undersigned Solicitor for the Administratrix of his estate, by the

15th day of October, 1919 a full statement, fully verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them, and after that date the Administratrix will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her notice.

Dated this 25th day of August, A.D. 1919.

WALTER M. CROCKETT,
 Solicitor for Administratrix,
 Chinook, Alberta

Approved:
 (Sgd) J. L. Jennison
 J.D.C.

TENDERS

Tenders for the Winter's supply of Coal for Chinook C.S.D. will be received up to Sept. 20th, the date of next meeting.

LORNE PROUDFOOT,
 Secretary.

LOST—On second day of the fair, taken from among exhibits, three handkerchiefs, with crocheted edge. Please return to Mrs. N. G. Kerry.

STRAYED—A black filly, 3 years old, star on forehead, some white on feet, branded Y on left shoulder. \$5.00 reward for information leading to recovery.—Eben Roy, Youngstown. Jy17-3p-1f

For Sale

Large Kitchen Range, six holes, warming oven, reservoir, just as good as new. Big Bargain at \$35.00. Can be seen at Smith's harness store.

F. L. BOYER

LOST OR STOLEN

A child's tricycle in Chinook. Finder leave at the Chinook depot.



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 29th August, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, twice per week on the route between CHILMARK and CHINOOK.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices at Chilmark, Chinook, Rearville, Big Spring, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

POST OFFICE INSPECTOR'S OFFICE,
 Calgary, 18th July, 1919
D. A. BRUCE,
 Post Office Inspector

MR. FARMER

Do you know Carter's
 Wood Pumps

have no equal for shallow wells up to 40 feet. They pump so fast and easy and need no repairs and are frost proof. We have two sizes and can fit up any length for you.

MRS. FARMER

Have you seen the Viking
 Cream Separator?

It skims close, runs so easy and is easy to wash, and, oh, the price is so much less than the others. Call and see them.

You may need some Cooking Utensils

Well, we can suit you, because our stock is large and prices right.

R. S. Woodruff

Chinook Garage

I have on hand a complete stock of
 Battery Parts

for all makes of Batteries. Have your Battery examined while not in use by the Battery Expert

Tires and Tubes only of the best make.

Oxy Acetylene Welding

Tractor and Car Repairing
 of all kinds

Genuine Ford Repairs

Agent for Gray-Dort Cars and

Massey-Harris Machinery

C. R. BROWNELL, Prop

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Choice Cuts of Fresh Meats

Hams and Bacon. Cooked Hams and Tongues

Smoked and Fresh Fish

Sample our Fresh Pork Sausage—none better

See us before killing your Beef and Pork

We are Shipping every Wednesday

Highest Market Prices Paid

O. HINDS, Prop'r

ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE INVESTORS

CHINOOK, ALTA.

If you have Land to Sell for CASH
 Let us have your listing

We are in touch with purchasers who are looking for close-in land, with stock and equipment

Consult our Mr. Pettigrew

AT THE ACADIA HOTEL